



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITHINDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S
REPORT AND ADDITIONAL REPORTS
AND SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY THE
UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE
SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board School District of Milton Milton, Wisconsin

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Milton ("District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2022, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The standard has been applied retrospectively to the beginning of the period of adoption and required a restatement of net position and a restatement of fund balance in the amount of \$47,306. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.



#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Guidelines, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 6, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc. December 6, 2023

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A Statement) June 30, 2023

The discussion and analysis of the School District of Milton (the "District") financial information provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. The analysis focuses on school district financial performance as a whole. Efforts have been made to provide comparison to prior year data when such data is available. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total governmental assets of the District are \$103,028,244 and total deferred outflows of resources are \$27,650,283. Total governmental net position after deducting liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is \$39,896,500.

In terms of general fund operations, the District had an Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses of \$922,919. This increased our fund balance from \$10,162,419 at the beginning of the year to \$11,085,338 at year-end. This fund balance is approximately 23% of our general fund 2022-2023 actual expenditures. The percentage of fund balance held can be viewed in the range of healthy, yet not excessive. Because this fund balance does not meet cash flow timing needs, annual short-term borrowing is necessary. The timing issue is not unique to our district, like other school districts, we wait to receive a substantial state aid payment in early December, though our fiscal year commences July 1.

The general fund (Fund 10) reported an increase in fund balance of \$922,919 at the end of the fiscal year. The food service fund (Fund 50) experienced revenues that were more than expenditures by \$199,213 and increased the food service fund balance to \$863,880. The aforementioned numbers are before the full accrual basis adjustments. On a full accrual basis, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$261,749 and fund balance was increased to \$776,065. The increase in fund balance is attributed to increased participation and the elimination of the Seamless Summer Option (SSO) meal reimbursement model for school nutrition services. This program ensured free meals to students in the years following the COVID-19 pandemic, and ended on June 30, 2022.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This section of the financial report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis, basic financial statements (district-wide and fund statements) including notes to the financial statements and other required supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the District's financial activities.

- The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information on a district-wide basis. The statements present an aggregate view of the District's finances. District-wide statements contain useful long-term information as well as information for the recently completed fiscal year.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A Statement) June 30, 2023

The notes to the financial statement provide further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provide additional disclosures giving statement users more a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the District's budget data for the year.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

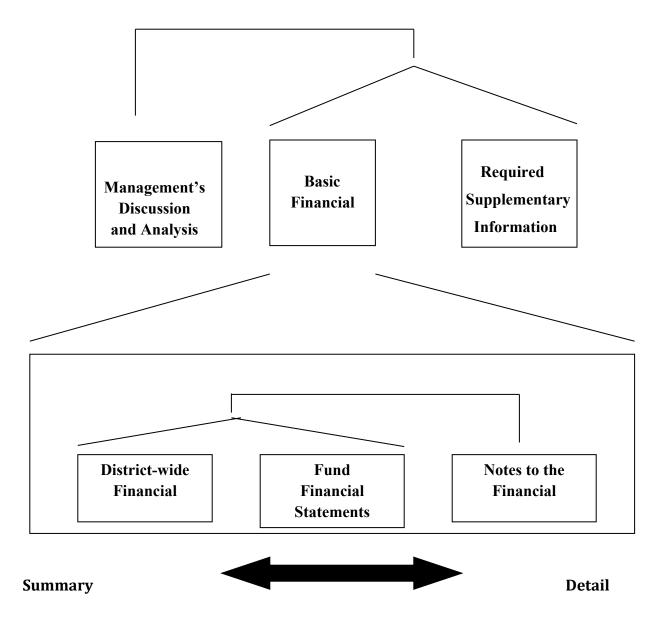


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statement, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A Statement) June 30, 2023

## **Major Features of the District-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

FIGURE A-2	District Wide	Fund Financial Statements							
	Statements	Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary					
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District	Activities the District	Assets held by the					
	(Except fiduciary	that are not fiduciary, such as	operates similar to	District on behalf of					
	funds).	instructional, support	private business. The	someone else.					
		services, and community	District's food service						
		services.	program is its only						
			proprietary fund.						
Required financial	Statement of Net	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net	Statement of Fiduciary					
Statements	Position		Position	Net Position					
		Statement of Revenues,	Statement of Revenues,	Statement of Changes					
	Statement of	Expenditures and Changes in	Expenses and Changes in	_					
	Activities	Fund Balance	Net Position	Position					
Basis of accounting		Modified accrual accounting	Accrual accounting	Accrual accounting					
and measurement	accounting								
focus		Current financial resources	Economic resources	Economic resources					
	Economic	focus	focus	focus					
	resources focus								
Type of asset and	All assets and	Generally, assets expected to	All assets and liabilities,	All assets and					
liability	liabilities, both	be used up and liabilities that	both financial and	liabilities, both					
information	financial and	come due during the year or	capital; short-term and	financial and capital;					
	capital, short-	soon thereafter. No capital	long-term.	short-term and long-					
	term and long-	assets or long-term liabilities		term.					
	term.	included.							
Type of inflow and		Revenues for which cash is	All revenues and	All additions or					
outflow	expenses during	received during or soon after	expenses during the year,	C					
information	the year,	the end of the year;	regardless of when cash	year, regardless of					
	regardless of	expenditures when goods or	is received or paid.	when cash is received					
	when cash is	services have been received		or paid.					
	received or paid.	and the related liability are							
		due and payable.							

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A Statement) June 30, 2023

#### **District-wide Statements**

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The two district-wide statements report the District's *Net Position* and how they have changed. Net Position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's overall financial position.

- Increases or decreases in the District's Net Position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall financial condition of the District, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities should be considered.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as governmental activities.

Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, support services, community programs and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (for example-paying its long-term debt), or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (for example-capital project funds).

The District has the following type of funds:

• Governmental funds – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for funding future basic services. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Governmental fund information does not report on long-term commitments as they are reported on the district-wide statements. Therefore, an explanation of the differences between the governmental funds and the district-wide statements is included either at the bottom of the governmental funds statements or as a separate statement.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A Statement) June 30, 2023

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSES

### **Statement of Net Position**

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's Net Position for the period ended June 30, 2023. The Food Service Net Position is restricted for food service operations. The calculation of Net Position uses historical costs for facilities that may not reflect the fair value. The facilities are in fair to good condition, as we have appropriated annually for preventative maintenance. However, dollars available for such appropriation have not met total identified needs and will require future investment.

		Cond		Table	nt of N		on					
(in millions of dollars)												
		Govern				Busine	-	-	Total			
		Acti	vitie	<u>s</u>		<u>Acti</u>	vitie	<u>s</u>	School District			
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Current & other assets	\$	17.7	\$	18.7	\$	0.9	\$	0.7	\$	18.6	\$	19.4
Capital assets		85.3		87.5		_		_		85.3		87.5
Restricted assets		_		10.5		_		0.2		_		10.7
Total Assets	\$	103.0	\$	116.7	\$	0.9	\$	0.9	\$	103.9	\$	117.6
Deferred outflows	\$	27.6	\$	21.9	\$	0.4	\$	0.3	\$	28.0	\$	22.2
Long-term debt outstanding	\$	48.8	\$	54.7	\$	_	\$	-	\$	48.8	\$	54.7
Other liabilities		24.3		19.6		0.3		0.3		24.6		19.9
Total Liabilities	\$	73.1	\$	74.3	\$	0.3	\$	0.3	\$	73.4	\$	74.6
Deferred inflows	\$	17.7	\$	28.3	\$	0.2	\$	0.4	\$	17.9	\$	28.7
Net Investment in								_				
Capital Assets	\$	35.9	\$	31.0	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35.9	\$	31.0
Restricted		0.7		11.0		-		0.1		0.7		11.1
Unrestricted (deficit)		3.2		(6.0)		0.8		0.4		4.0		(5.6)
Total Net Position	\$	39.8	\$	36.0	\$	0.8	\$	0.5	\$	40.6	\$	36.5

In governmental activities, the largest portion of the District's Net Position is its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and equipment), less related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. These assets are used to provide services to students and consequently are not available for future spending.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A Statement) June 30, 2023

Table 2 shows the changes in Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 from all governmental and business-type activities. As shown below, general revenues provide about 79% of the funding for governmental activities. The District relies on property taxes for 37% of its governmental activity revenue.

			_	Table 2 in Net I lions of d									
		Governmental <u>Activities</u>				Business-type Activities				Total <u>School District</u>			
General Revenues:	2	023	2	2022		2023	2	022		2023		2022	
Property taxes	\$	21.8	\$	19.0	\$		\$		\$	21.8	\$	19.0	
State formula aid	Ф	24.5	Ф	24.0	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	24.5	Þ	24.0	
Other		0.5		0.2		_		_		0.5		0.2	
Total general revenues		46.8		43.2		<u>-</u>				46.8		43.2	
Program revenues:													
Charges for service		4.8		4.2		0.7		0.1		5.5		4.3	
Operating Grants and Contributions		7.5		7.9		0.7		1.7		8.2		9.6	
Capital Grants and Contributions		_		0.4		_		_		_		0.4	
Total program revenues		12.3		12.5		1.4		1.8		13.7		14.3	
Total revenues		59.1		55.7		1.4		1.8		60.5		57.5	
Program Expenses:													
Instruction		27.6		24.4		_		-		27.6		24.4	
Pupil & instructional services		5.1		4.6		-		-		5.1		4.6	
Administration and business		4.5		4.1		-		-		4.5		4.1	
Maintenance and operations		4.5		3.2		-		-		4.5		3.2	
Transportation		2.2		1.9		-		-		2.2		1.9	
Community service		0.2		0.1		-		-		0.2		0.1	
Non-program services		4.4		4.4		-		-		4.4		4.4	
Other		6.8		5.6		1.1		1.1		7.9		6.7	
Total Expenses		55.3		48.3		1.1		1.1		56.4		49.4	
Change in Net Position		3.8		7.4		0.3		0.7		4.1		8.1	
Beginning Net Position, as restated		36.0		28.6		0.5		(0.2)		36.5		28.4	
Ending Net Position	\$	39.8	\$	36.0	\$	0.8	\$	0.5	\$	40.6	\$	36.5	

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A Statement) June 30, 2023

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets:

At the end of the 2023 fiscal year, the District had invested approximately \$124 million in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, sites, library books, and equipment (see Table 3). Additional information about capital assets can be found in Note 4. Total accumulated depreciation on these assets was \$38.6 million for governmental activities and \$0.1 million for business-type activities.

- Asset acquisition for governmental activities totaled \$1,460,644 and \$20,213 for the food service program.
- The District recognized depreciation expense of \$3,679,818 for governmental activities and \$2,367 for the food service program during the fiscal year.
- Major capital asset additions for the year included: high school buildings, and central park improvements.

		(		Table 3 Capital As nillions of	sets	rs)						
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			Business-type <u>Activities</u>					rict			
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Land & improvements	\$	5.6	\$	4.9	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5.6	\$	4.9
Building & building improvements		110.0		68.0		-		-		110.0		68.0
Equipment & furniture		8.3		7.9		0.1		0.1		8.4		8.0
Construction work in progress		-		41.6		-		-		-		41.6
Accumulated depreciation		(38.6)		(34.9)		(0.1)		(0.1)		(38.7)		(35.0)
Total	\$	85.3	\$	87.5	\$	-	\$		\$	85.3	\$	87.5

### Long-Term Debt:

At year-end, the District had \$47,275,000 in general obligation bonds and \$1,202,895 in financed purchases outstanding. Additional information on long-term obligations can be found in Note 8.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A Statement) June 30, 2023

#### **FUND SUMMARY**

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund, the main operating fund of the District remains in a financially stable condition. Revenues were greater than expenditures by \$922,919. The current general fund balance represents approximately 23% of expenditures.

Approximately 28% of revenues come from property taxes, which are guaranteed by the County of Rock and County of Jefferson. The Board of Education certifies taxes in November to the municipal clerks. The clerks pay the District's proportionate share of collections in January and February. The balance of the taxes is then paid to the County by July 31 and remitted to the School District of Milton in August. This year taxes receivable at yearend was \$5,444,191.

The District adopts an Interim Budget for the Annual Meeting of the electors in August. The Original Budget is adopted in October when the final revenue limit calculations are completed. The Final Budget is adopted after final adjustments are calculated at year-end. The Original 2022-2023 Budget levied at the maximum allowable amount under the revenue limit. The Board of Education approved general fund (fund 10 and fund 27) revenues at \$48,759,410 and expenditures at \$48,123,625 before operating transfers out which resulted in a balanced budget, the Original Budget had anticipated expenditures not to exceed revenues.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The Debt Service Fund had a fund balance at year-end of \$938,260. This balance is used to pay debt service principal and interest payments due in the fall through December 31, which is prior to receiving our first property tax payment in January. Debt service payments come mainly from property taxes and any interest earned on those taxes. Any excess fund balance is the result of additional interest earnings over budget and will be used to lower the property tax levy in future years. The fund balance is restricted and can only be used for debt service payments.

The District's current Moody's Bond Rating is Aa3 (May 2021). The District's current debt limit is \$277,904,278 (6/30/2023) and current bonds payable principal amount outstanding is \$47,275,000, leaving a margin of indebtedness of \$230,629,278.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A Statement) June 30, 2023

#### **Balance of Governmental Funds**

The balance of the governmental funds is either funded in part by grants or reliant on the general fund for revenue sources. They are listed in the body of the audit statement.

### **Factors Bearing on District's Future**

On November 3, 2020, the District passed a referendum to allow the District budget to exceed the revenue limit by \$2,500,000 per year for five years. The \$2,500,000 level amount asked for and supported by the electorate is used to sustain the district budget for the next five years. Inflationary components (wages, benefits, transportation, utilities, etc.), coupled with additional demands on the instructional and Building and Grounds budgets cause continued analysis in future years. Changes made at the state (2021-2023 biennial budget) removed the per pupil increase in the revenue limit. Outlook for the 2023-25 budget includes a change in the low revenue ceiling, \$325 per pupil adjustment, expiration of federal ESSER funding, and other funding uncertainty that continues to lag behind inflationary increases. When combined with a decline in pupils, the formula reduces future base revenue. This continues to remain a fiscal concern and will be monitored during the existing and next state budget cycle.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Business Services, School District of Milton, 448 E. High Street, Milton, WI 53563 at (608) 868-9200.

## **Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,225,966	\$ 924,707	\$ 9,150,673
Restricted Cash and Investments	3,000,787	-	3,000,787
Receivables:			
Taxes	5,444,191	-	5,444,191
Accounts	-	7,977	7,977
Prepaid Expenses	7,680	10	7,690
Due from Other Governments	924,926	-	924,926
Inventories		7,302	7,302
Total Current Assets	17,603,550	939,996	18,543,546
Noncurrent Assets:			
Net SBITA Assets	156,348	-	156,348
Land and Land Improvements	5,634,399	-	5,634,399
Buildings and Building Improvements	109,966,180	-	109,966,180
Furniture and Equipment	8,310,772	158,692	8,469,464
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(38,643,005)	(125,448)	(38,768,453)
Net Capital Assets	85,268,346	33,244	85,301,590
Total Noncurrent Assets	85,424,694	33,244	85,457,938
Total Assets	103,028,244	973,240	104,001,484
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred OPEB Outflows	2,533,611	40,294	2,573,905
Deferred Pension Outflows	24,958,018	360,999	25,319,017
Deferred Pension Stipend Outflows	158,654	500,777	158,654
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,650,283	401,293	28,051,576
Tomi Beloned Cambons of Rescarces	27,020,203	.01,255	20,001,070
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	254,443	-	254,443
Accrued Liabilities:			
Payroll and Related Items	1,608,304	-	1,608,304
Interest	625,971	-	625,971
Due to Fiduciary Funds	530,967	1,680	532,647
Deposits Payable	1,617	74,436	76,053
Short-Term Borrowing	400,000	-	400,000
Current Portion of SBITA Liability	54,776	-	54,776
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	3,087,407		3,087,407
Total Current Liabilities	6,563,485	76,116	6,639,601
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net Pension Liability	6,890,618	99,668	6,990,286
Noncurrent Portion of SBITA Liability	54,166	-	54,166
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	48,702,504	-	48,702,504
Supplemental Pension Liability	543,289	-	543,289
Net OPEB Liability	10,334,920	164,366	10,499,286
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	66,525,497	264,034	66,789,531
Total Liabilities	73,088,982	340,150	73,429,132
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred OPEB Inflows	3,111,848	49,491	3,161,339
Deferred Pension Inflows	14,437,519	208,827	14,646,346
Deferred Pension Stipend Inflows	143,678	200,027	143,678
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,693,045	258,318	17,951,363
NET POSITION	25.021.274	22.244	25.074.500
Net Investment in Capital Assets	35,931,264	33,244	35,964,508
Restricted:	220.001		220.001
Debt Service	328,091	-	328,091
Get Kids Ahead Initiative	90,285	-	90,285
Back to School Aid	315,926	-	315,926
Other	67,460	742.921	67,460
Unrestricted	3,163,474	742,821	3,906,295
Total Net Position	\$ 39,896,500	\$ 776,065	\$ 40,672,565

## Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program	Revenue	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
			Operating			<u>'</u>		
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
Governmental Activities			·					
Instruction								
Regular Instruction	\$ 17,780,730	\$ 3,602,972	\$ 3,484,764	\$ (10,692,994)	\$ -	\$ (10,692,994)		
Vocational Instruction	1,486,945	9,693	60,559	(1,416,693)	_	(1,416,693)		
Special Education Instruction	5,791,176	127	2,752,897	(3,038,152)	_	(3,038,152)		
Other Instruction	2,536,828	784,001	6,000	(1,746,827)	_	(1,746,827)		
Total Instruction	27,595,679	4,396,793	6,304,220	(16,894,666)		(16,894,666)		
Support Services								
Pupil Services	2,300,597	27,623	187,331	(2,085,643)	_	(2,085,643)		
Instructional Staff Services	2,841,506		484,401	(2,357,105)	_	(2,357,105)		
General Administration Services	773,119	810	-	(772,309)	_	(772,309)		
Building Administration Services	2,738,393	-	_	(2,738,393)	_	(2,738,393)		
Business Services	783,574	91,360	160,441	(531,773)	<del>-</del>	(531,773)		
					-			
Operations and Maintenance	4,672,345	3,289	260,331	(4,408,725)	-	(4,408,725)		
Pupil Transportation	2,215,881	33,323	76,175	(2,106,383)	-	(2,106,383)		
Central Services	439,133	-	13,494	(425,639)	-	(425,639)		
Insurance	390,507	-	-	(390,507)	-	(390,507)		
Interest and Fiscal Charges on Debt	1,735,192	-	-	(1,735,192)	-	(1,735,192)		
Other Support Services	1,147,163	121,638	17,831	(1,007,694)	-	(1,007,694)		
Community Services	188,130	99,777	-	(88,353)	-	(88,353)		
Unallocated Depreciation and Amortization	3,101,211			(3,101,211)		(3,101,211)		
Total Support Services	23,326,751	377,820	1,200,004	(21,748,927)		(21,748,927)		
Purchased and Non-Program Services	4,397,112		38,405	(4,358,707)		(4,358,707)		
Total Governmental Activities	55,319,542	4,774,613	7,542,629	(43,002,300)		(43,002,300)		
Business-Type Activities								
	1 120 500	660 170	701 540		240 120	240 120		
Food Service Program	1,129,598	668,178	701,549		240,129	240,129		
Total Business-Type Activities	1,129,598	668,178	701,549		240,129	240,129		
Total Governmental and Business-Type Activities	\$ 56,449,140	\$ 5,442,791	\$ 8,244,178	(43,002,300)	240,129	(42,762,171)		
	General revenue	s:						
		s, Levied for Genera	1 Purnoses	14,221,203	_	14,221,203		
		s, Levied for Debt S		7,204,525	_	7,204,525		
		s, Levied for Comm		442,161	_	442,161		
	Federal and Stat	e Aid not Restricted	•	112,101		112,101		
	General			23,921,125	-	23,921,125		
	Other			590,512	-	590,512		
	Interest and Inv	estment Earnings		236,091	26,657	262,748		
	Miscellaneous			250,042	6,719	256,761		
	Transfers			_	(11,756)	(11,756)		
		al Revenues and Tra	nsfers	46,865,659	21,620	46,887,279		
		in (Loss) on Dispos		(1,925)	,	(1,925)		
	-	Net Position		3,861,434	261,749	4,123,183		
	Net Position - Beg			35,987,760	514,316	36,502,076		
	Prior Period Adjus	•		47,306	517,510	47,306		
	Net Position - Beg			36,035,066	514,316	36,549,382		
	_	-		\$ 39,896,500	\$ 776,065	\$ 40,672,565		
	Net Position - End	mg		\$ 39,890,3UU	\$ //0,005	\$ 40,072,365		

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Ge	eneral Fund	Capital Projects Fund		-		-		-		on-Major vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							 							
Cash and Investments	\$	7,869,625	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 356,341	\$	8,225,966					
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		2,062,527		938,260	-		3,000,787					
Receivables:														
Taxes		5,444,191		-		-	-		5,444,191					
Prepaid Expenses		7,680		-		-	-		7,680					
Due from Other Funds		421		358,674		-	-		359,095					
Due from Other Governments		924,926		-		=_	 		924,926					
Total Assets	\$	14,246,843	\$	2,421,201	\$	938,260	\$ 356,341	\$	17,962,645					
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	S													
Liabilities:														
Short-term Borrowing	\$	400,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	400,000					
Accounts Payable		250,579		-		-	3,864		254,443					
Accrued Payroll and Related Items		1,608,304		_		-	-		1,608,304					
Accrued Interest		11,364		-		-	-		11,364					
Due to Other Funds		889,641		-		-	421		890,062					
Other Deposits Payable		1,617		_		-	-		1,617					
Total Liabilities		3,161,505		-		-	4,285		3,165,790					
Fund Balances:														
Nonspendable		7,680		-		-	-		7,680					
Restricted		473,671		2,421,201		938,260	-		3,833,132					
Committed		463,467		-		-	-		463,467					
Assigned		· -		-		_	352,056		352,056					
Unassigned		10,140,520		-		_	-		10,140,520					
Total Fund Balances		11,085,338		2,421,201		938,260	 352,056	-	14,796,855					
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	14,246,843	\$	2,421,201	\$	938,260	\$ 356,341	\$	17,962,645					

## Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 14,796,855
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	85,268,346
SBITA assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	156,348
Pension and OPEB deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are actuarially determined by the defined pension plan and OPEB plans. These items are reflected in the Statement of Net Position and are being amortized with pension and OPEB expenses in the Statement of Activities. The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not current financial resources or uses and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Net deferred outflows and inflows of resources	9,957,238
Other items, including OPEB liability and pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the fund statements.  Net pension liability  Net OPEB liability  Supplemental pension liability	(6,890,618) (10,334,920) (543,289)
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Financed Purchases, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	
General obligation debt Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement Liability Premium on long-term debt Financed Purchases Accrued interest on long-term debt Termination benefits liability	(47,275,000) (108,942) (3,280,388) (1,202,895) (614,607) (31,628)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 39,896,500

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$ 14,221,203	\$ -	\$ 7,204,525	\$ 442,161	\$ 21,867,889		
Other Local Sources	663,304	52,962	24,919	1,119,617	1,860,802		
Inter-district Sources	3,177,497	-	-	-	3,177,497		
Intermediate Sources	3,924	-	-	-	3,924		
State Sources	28,872,459	-	-	-	28,872,459		
Federal Sources	3,139,053	-	-	-	3,139,053		
Other Sources	114,369	142,724		1,316	258,409		
Total Revenues	50,191,809	195,686	7,229,444	1,563,094	59,180,033		
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction:	44444			240.420	4605004		
Regular Instruction	16,754,466	-	-	218,428	16,972,894		
Vocational Instruction	1,407,999	-	-	-	1,407,999		
Special Education Instruction	5,526,663	-	-	-	5,526,663		
Other Instruction	1,980,769			426,988	2,407,757		
Total Instruction	25,669,897			645,416	26,315,313		
Support Services: Pupil Services	2 1 ( 0 1 9 4			63	2 160 247		
Instructional Staff Services	2,160,184	-	-	63	2,160,247		
General Administration Services	2,192,201	-	-	-	2,192,201		
	664,273	-	-	-	664,273		
Building Administration Services Business Services	2,593,576	-	-	0.472	2,593,576		
	742,783	-	-	9,473	752,256		
Operations and Maintenance	4,101,235	-	-	191,483	4,292,718		
Pupil Transportation Central Services	1,991,267	-	-	195,233	2,186,500		
Insurance	420,596	-	-	-	420,596		
Other Support Services	390,507	-	-	-	390,507		
Community Services	1,115,661	-	-	184,893	1,115,661		
Total Support Services	16,372,283			581,145	184,893 16,953,428		
Total Support Services	10,372,283			381,143	16,933,428		
Debt Service:							
Principal	666,197	-	5,310,000	-	5,976,197		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	22,223		1,952,499		1,974,722		
Total Debt Service	688,420		7,262,499		7,950,919		
Capital Outlay	1,321,897	206,640	_	306,317	1,834,854		
Purchased and Non-Program Services	4,366,067			31,045	4,397,112		
Total Expenditures	48,418,564	206,640	7,262,499	1,563,923	57,451,626		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures	1,773,245	(10,954)	(33,055)	(829)	1,728,407		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	2,869	-	-	-	2,869		
SBITA Proceeds	163,872	-	-	-	163,872		
Transfer In	-	1,017,067	-	-	1,017,067		
Transfer Out	(1,017,067)				(1,017,067)		
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(850,326)	1,017,067			166,741		
Net Change in Fund Balances	922,919	1,006,113	(33,055)	(829)	1,895,148		
Fund Balances - Beginning	10,115,113	1,415,088	971,315	352,885	12,854,401		
Prior Period Adjustment	47,306				47,306		
Fund Balances - Beginning, as Restated	10,162,419	1,415,088	971,315	352,885	12,901,707		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 11,085,338	\$ 2,421,201	\$ 938,260	\$ 352,056	\$ 14,796,855		

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	1,895,148
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.		
This is the amount by which current year capital outlays (\$1,460,644) were less than depreciation (\$3,679,818) in the current period.		(2,219,174)
This is the amount by which current year SBITAs (\$247,877) were greater than amortization (\$91,529) in the current period.		156,348
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The Statement of Activities reports the value of benefits earned/used during the year.		
Net decrease (increase) in net OPEB Liability and deferred OPEB outflows (inflows) of resources		(76,850)
Net decrease (increase) in supplemental pension liability and deferred supplemental pension outflows (inflows) of resources	1	3,229
Net decrease (increase) in termination benefits		(1,176)
The Statement of Activities reports losses arising from the disposal of capital assets. Losses on disposal do not appear in the governmental funds. This is the amount of loss on disposal of current year capital assets.		(1,925)
Proceeds from SBITA liabilities are reported as revenue in the governmental funds but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		(163,872)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		
The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is:		5,310,000
The amount of financed purchases payments in the current year is:		611,267
The amount of debt premium amortized in the current year is:		205,024
The amount of SBITA liabilities in the current year is:  In governmental funds interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the Statement of Activities interest is reported as incurred.		54,930
Change in amount of accrued interest not reflected on Governmental Funds		34,506
Pension expense reported in the governmental funds represents current year required contributions into the defined benefit pension plan. Pension expense in the Statement of Activities is actuarially determined by the defined benefit pension plan as the difference between the net pension liability (asset) from the prior year to the current year, with some adjustments.		
Amount of current year required contributions into the defined benefit pension plan Actuarially determined change in net pension liability (asset) between years, with		1,544,009
adjustments		(3,490,030)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	3,861,434

## Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Food Service
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	e 024.707
Cash and Investments	\$ 924,707
Accounts Receivable Inventories	7,977
Prepaid Expenses	7,302 10
Total Current Assets	939,996
Total Cultent Assets	939,990
Noncurrent Assets:	
Furniture and Equipment	158,692
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(125,448)
Net Noncurrent Assets	33,244
Total Assets	973,240
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Pension Outflows	360,999
Deferred OPEB Outflows	40,294
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	401,293
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,374,533
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Due to Other Funds	\$ 1,680
Food Service Deposits	74,436
Total Current Liabilities	76,116
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net Pension Liability	99,668
Net OPEB Liability	164,366
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	264,034
Total Liabilities	340,150
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred OPEB Inflows	49,491
Deferred Pension Inflows	208,827
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	258,318
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	33,244
Unrestricted (Deficit)	742,821
Total Net Position	\$ 776,065

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	<b>Food Service</b>
OPERATING REVENUES	
Food Sales	\$ 668,178
State Sources	22,304
Federal Sources	559,105
Commodities	120,140
Miscellaneous Income	6,719
Total Operating Revenues	1,376,446
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and Fringes	529,806
Purchased Services	31,523
Food and Supplies	561,389
Depreciation	2,367
Other	4,513
Total Operating Expenses	1,129,598
Operating Income (Loss)	246,848
NON-OPERATING REVENUES	
Interest and Investment Revenue	26,657
Total Non-Operating Revenue	26,657
Transfers Out - Benefit Trust Payment	(11,756)
Change in Net Position	261,749
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning	514,316
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 776,065

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Fo	od Service
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash received from user charges	\$	645,761
Cash received from other governmental payments		701,549
Cash received from miscellaneous sources		6,719
Cash payments to employees for services		(572,807)
Cash payments to utilities and other purchased services		(31,523)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(563,405)
Cash payments for other operating activities		(11,756)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		174,538
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest on investments		26,657
Purchases of fixed assets		(20,213)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		6,444
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		180,982
Cash and equivalents- beginning of year		743,725
Cash and equivalents- end of year	\$	924,707
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$	246,848
provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation		2,367
Payment to benefit trust		(11,756)
Pension expense		23,801
OPEB expense		(68,492)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(00,472)
Due to (from) other funds		1,690
Inventory		2,507
Prepaid Expenses		(10)
Accounts receivable		(6,177)
Food service deposits		(16,240)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	174,538
Noncash Noncapital Financing Activities:  During the year the District received commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture in the amount of	\$	120,140

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Employee Benefit Trust	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds Total Assets	\$	3,551,185 532,647 4,083,832
NET POSITION Restricted Total Net Position	\$	4,083,832 4,083,832

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Employee Benefit Trust
ADDITIONS	
Employer Contributions	\$1,283,940
Interest and Dividends	66,514
Employee Contributions	46,692
Total Additions	1,397,146
DEDUCTIONS Benefits Paid	540,377
Total Deductions  Change in Net Position	540,377 856,769
Net Position - Beginning Net Position - Ending	3,227,063 \$4,083,832



### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Introduction

The School District of Milton (the "District") is organized as a common school district. The District, governed by a seven-member elected school board, operates grades 4K through 12 and is comprised of all or parts of nine taxing districts. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the District as the primary government.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described in the following sections.

#### **B.** Component Units

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements include the primary government and its component units. Component units are separate organizations that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District. All significant activities and organizations with which the District exercises oversight responsibility have been considered for inclusion in the basic financial statements. The District has no component units.

#### C. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental and business-type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for business-type activities and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### D. Fund Accounting

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented.

The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal value. Non operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Fiduciary funds consist of pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, investment trust funds, and custodial funds. Fiduciary funds should be used only to report resources held for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. A fund is presented as a fiduciary fund when all of the following criteria are met: a) The government controls the assets that finance the activity, b) Assets are not generated from the government's own-source revenues or from government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions, c) Assets are administered through a qualifying trust or the government does not have administrative involvement and the assets are not generated from the government's delivery of goods or services to the beneficiaries, or the assets are for the benefit of entities that are not part of the government's reporting entity.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – The general fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in other funds. Under GASB 54, the General Fund includes the operations of the Special Education Fund.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary fund and trust funds).

**Debt Service Fund** – This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

The District also has the following non-major funds:

- Special Revenue Trust
- Community Service Fund
- Student Activity Events

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **D.** Fund Accounting (Continued)

The District operates one major enterprise fund, the Food Service Fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the District's food service programs.

The District reports its Employee Benefit Trust fund in the fiduciary fund. The benefit trust fund is used to fund and pay for retiree benefits.

The district-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures when paid. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under financed purchases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

Charges for services provided to other educational agencies and private parties are recognized as revenue when services are provided. Charges for special education services are not reduced by anticipated state special aid entitlements.

Interest income on temporary investments is recognized in the fiscal period earned.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### F. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

All funds share common (pooled) checking and investment accounts unless regulations require separate investment accounts.

State statutes permit the District to invest available cash balances, other than debt service funds, in time deposits of authorized depositories, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency issues, high-grade commercial paper, and the local government pooled-investment fund administered by the state investment board. Available balances in the debt service fund may be invested in municipal obligations, obligations of the United States, and the local government pooled-investment fund.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Determination of fair value for investment in the state treasurer's investment pool is based on information provided by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. See footnote 3 for additional information.

#### G. Receivables

#### **Taxes**

The aggregate District tax levy is apportioned and certified in November of the current fiscal year for the collection to comprising municipalities based on the immediate past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. As permitted by a collecting municipality's ordinance, taxes may be paid in full or two or more installments with the first installment payable the subsequent January 31, and the final payment no later than the following July 31. On or before January 15, and by the 20th of each subsequent month thereafter, the District is paid by the collecting municipalities proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. On or before August 20, the County Treasurer makes full settlement to the District for any remaining balance. The County assumes all responsibility for delinquent real property taxes.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period for which the taxes are levied. All property taxes are considered due on January 1, when an enforceable lien is assessed against the property and the taxpayer is liable for the taxes. All taxes are collected within 60 days of June 30 and are available to pay current liabilities.

### **Interfunds**

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for internal receivables and payables represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities, business-type activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for these internal balances within the same fund type. Residual internal balances between governmental and business-type activities are further eliminated in the total primary government column.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **G.** Receivables (Continued)

#### **Accounts Receivable**

All accounts receivable are shown as gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance is not material.

#### H. Other Assets

Inventories are valued at cost using the FIFO (first-in/first-out) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond June 30.

A reserve for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) have been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures, except in cases where inventories are offset by deferred inflows.

### I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to 1992. For assets acquired prior to 1992, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by an independent third-party professional appraisal firm, are used. Donated assets are reported at estimated acquisition value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar valued above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the district-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold	Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$ 5,000	Straight-line	50 years
Building improvements	5,000	Straight-line	20 years
Site improvements	5,000	Straight-line	10-25 years
Computer and related technology	5,000	Straight-line	5-20 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	5-10 years
Library books	5,000	Straight line	5 years

### J. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

The District recognizes these subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) as a financing right to use an underlying asset. SBITA assets are determined at their fair value, while SBITA liabilities represent the present value of future lease payments over the lease term. This approach aligns with the principles of GASB No. 96 and ensures that the District accurately reflects the economic substance of its SBITA transactions. See Note 7 for more information.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## K. Other Obligations

### **Accrued Vacation Benefits**

Liabilities and the related expenses for vacation benefits are recognized when earned.

## **Sick Leave Benefits**

Sick leave days accumulated up to 110 days do not vest and are recognized as expenses when paid. Teachers who accumulate sick leave days in excess of 110 days are compensated for the excess days in December of each year. The liability for days in excess of 110 days is accrued on the fund financial statements. Administrators are paid at retirement, a onetime payment for unused sick leave up to the number of days and at a rate agreed to in the administrator's contract. The current value of sick days payable upon retirement is \$31,628.

#### **Vested Employee Benefits**

Teachers, administrators and support staff, who have met age and years of service requirements, may elect retirement. The District pays the cost of health and long-term care insurance for a maximum of four to eight years, or Medicare eligibility, if earlier. A retirement stipend based on number of years of service is paid to administrators. The District funds this on a pay as you go basis.

#### **Pensions**

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net pension liability (asset),
- Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions,
- Pension expense (revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligations (NOPEBO)**

For purposes of measuring the NOPEBO, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. See Note 10 for additional information.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### L. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### M. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement for those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### O. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balance is presented in five possible categories:

**Nonspendable** – resources which cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or; b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – resources with constraints placed on the use of resources are either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** – resources which are subject to limitation the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

**Assigned** – resources neither restricted nor committed for which a government has a stated intended use as established by the District Board or a body or official of which the District Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### O. Fund Balance (Continued)

Unassigned – resources which cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Unassigned balances also include negative balances in the governmental funds reporting resources restricted for specific programs.

When restricted and other fund balance resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts, respectively.

#### P. Change in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITA"). This adoption marks a departure from the previous accounting methodology and introduces a comprehensive framework for the recognition and measurement of subscription-based information technology arrangements. GASB No. 96 requires the recognition of certain assets and liabilities for SBITA. The District has restated the beginning net position and beginning fund balance in the amount of \$47,306 to align with the updated accounting principles.

## 2. Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used on the government fund statements and district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

## Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories:

- 1) Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.
- 2) Capital related differences include the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.
- 3) Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 3. Cash and Investments

The debt service funds account for their transactions through separate and distinct bank and investment accounts as required by State Statutes. In addition, the trust fund uses separate and distinct accounts. All other funds share in common bank and investment accounts.

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following: time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local governmental investment pool.

The carrying amount of the District's cash and investments, including the separate accounts noted above, totaled \$15,702,645 on June 30, 2023 as summarized below:

	Carrying	Associated
Depository:	 Amount	Risk
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 3,142,844	Custodial credit risk
Petty cash funds	10,584	None
LGIP	 12,549,217	Credit risk, interest rate risk
Total June 30, 2023	\$ 15,702,645	

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the statements is as follows:

Basic financial statements	
Cash and investments	\$ 9,150,673
Restricted cash and investments:	
Capital projects	2,062,527
Debt service	938,260
Fiduciary funds	
Employee-Benefit trust	3,551,185
Total	\$ 15,702,645

Restricted cash in the amount of \$938,260 in the Debt Service fund and \$2,062,527 in Capital Projects fund include amounts set aside for future payment of G.O. debt and capital projects. The restricted cash to pay for this future requirement is offset in the restricted fund balance of the respective funds.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. All investments are valued at amortized cost by the SIF for purposes of calculating earnings to each participant. Specifically, the SIF distributes income to pool participants monthly, based on their average daily share balance. Distributions include interest income based on stated rates (both paid and accrued), amortization of discounts and premiums on a straight-line basis, realized investment gains and losses calculated on an amortized cost basis, and investment expenses. This method does not distribute to participants any unrealized gains or losses generated by the pool's investments. Detailed information about the SIF is available in separately issued financial statements available at <a href="https://doa.wi.gov/Pages/StateFinances/LGIP.aspx">https://doa.wi.gov/Pages/StateFinances/LGIP.aspx</a>. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At June 30, 2023, the fair value of the District's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the carrying value. Information on derivatives was not available to the District.

SWIB may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies, Commercial Paper, Bank Time Deposits/Certificates of Deposit, Bankers' Acceptances, Asset Backed Securities and Repurchase Agreements secured by the U.S. Government or its agencies and other instruments authorized under State Investment Fund Investment guidelines.

Investment allocation in the local government investment pool as of June 30, 2023 was: 98% in U.S. Government Securities, 2% in Commercial Paper, Certificates of Deposit, and Time Deposits. The Wisconsin State Treasurer updates the investment allocations on a monthly basis.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater sensitivity its fair value has to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity. The LGIP investments have an average maturity of 28 days.

	Less than 6	6 Months to 1	1 Year to 3
Fair Value	Months	Year	Years
\$ 12,549,217	\$ 12,549,217	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 12,549,217	\$ 12,549,217	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ 12,549,217	\$ 12,549,217 \$ 12,549,217	Fair Value         Months         Year           \$ 12,549,217         \$ 12,549,217         \$ -

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of June 30, 2023, the District's investment in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool was not rated.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District would not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, the District would not be able to recover the value of its investment of collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The District does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

Deposits in banks are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for demand accounts and \$250,000 for time and savings accounts. Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. Due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relationship to the total deposits covered and other legal implications, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities.

As of June 30, 2023, \$1,839,619 of the District's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	\$ 1,839,619
Insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund	554,568
Collateralized in the District's Name	\$ 1,285,051

Fluctuating cash flows during the year due to tax collections, receipt of state aids and proceeds from borrowing may have resulted in temporary balances during the year exceeding uninsured amounts at the balance sheet date.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### 4. Capital Assets

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2022	Additions	Retirements	6/30/2023
Governmental Activities				
Construction in progress	\$ 41,655,220	\$ 178,694	\$ (41,833,914)	\$ -
Land and land improvements	4,928,980	705,419	-	5,634,399
Buildings and building improvements	68,029,500	41,936,680	-	109,966,180
Furniture and equipment	7,856,261	473,765	(19,254)	8,310,772
Total Government Activities	122,469,961	43,294,558	(41,853,168)	123,911,351
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land improvements	(1,896,608)	(174,670)	-	(2,071,278)
Buildings and building improvements	(28,944,164)	(2,771,280)	-	(31,715,444)
Furniture and equipment	(4,139,744)	(733,868)	17,329	(4,856,283)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(34,980,516)	(3,679,818)	17,329	(38,643,005)
Net Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 87,489,445	\$ 39,614,740	\$ (41,835,839)	\$ 85,268,346
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 138,479	\$ 20,213	\$ -	\$ 158,692
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(123,081)	(2,367)		(125,448)
Net Business-Type Capital Assets	\$ 15,398	\$ 17,846	\$ -	\$ 33,244

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Regular instruction	\$ 547,639
General administration services	75,510
Operations and maintenance of facilities	17,606
Pupil transportation	29,381
Depreciation not charged to a specific function	3,009,682
Total Depreciation for Governmental Activities	\$ 3,679,818

# 5. Short-term Obligation

The District has one taxable revolving line of credit with a limit of \$1.9 million with interest at 4.19% and one taxable tax and revenue anticipation promissory note in an amount of \$400,000 with interest of 4.00%. The short-term borrowings mature on November 1, 2023 and September 27, 2023, respectively. Short-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2022	Additions	Removals	6/30/2023
Tax and Revenue Anticipation				
Promissory Note	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ (1,400,000)	\$ 400,000
Line of Credit		1,412,000	(1,412,000)	
Total	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,812,000	\$ (2,812,000)	\$ 400,000

Interest accrued on draws against the tax and revenue anticipation promissory note totaled \$11,364.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 6. Financed Purchases

The District is obligated under certain leases that meet the criteria to be accounted for as financed purchases. Equipment capitalized with leases has an original cost of \$2,466,109 and accumulated depreciation of \$1,253,867.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$ 613,559
2025	 590,512
Total minimum lease payments	1,204,071
Less: Amount representing interest	(1,176)
Present Value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 1,202,895

# 7. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

The District has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) involving:

- Various educational curriculum software subscriptions
- A web filter service license
- Camera software

The total costs of the District's subscription assets are as follows:

	Balar 7/1/20		A	Additions	Re	tirements	Balance /30/2023	 ounts Due n One Year
SBITA Assets Less: Accumulated Amortization	\$	-	\$	247,877 (91,529)	\$	- -	\$ 247,877 (91,529)	
Total SBITA Assets, net	\$	_	\$	156,348	\$	_	\$ 156,348	
SBITA Liabilities	\$		\$	163,872	\$	(54,930)	\$ 108,942	\$ 54,776

The total SBITA costs for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Ye	ar Ended
Lease expense	June	e 30, 2023
Amortization expense by class of underlying asset		_
SBITA - GASB 96	\$	91,529
Interest on SBITA liabilities		4,438
Total	\$	95,967

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# 7. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (Continued)

The future subscription payments under SBITA agreements are as follows:

			Total
	Principal	Interest	Payments
2024	\$ 54,776	\$ 4,438	\$ 59,214
2025	54,166	2,207	56,373
<b>Total Future Payments</b>	\$ 108,942	\$ 6,645	\$ 115,587

# 8. Long-term Obligations

Long-term obligations of the District are as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2022	Issued	Retired	Balance 6/30/2023	Amount Due Within One Yea	ar
General obligation debt						_
Bonds payable	\$ 52,585,000	\$ -	\$ 5,310,000	\$ 47,275,000	\$ 2,270,000	0_
Total GO Debt	52,585,000		5,310,000	47,275,000	2,270,000	0
Premium on debt	3,485,412	-	205,024	3,280,388	205,024	4
Financed purchases	1,814,162	_	611,267	1,202,895	612,383	3
Termination benefits	30,452	1,176		31,628		
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 57,915,026	\$ 1,176	\$ 6,126,291	\$ 51,789,911	\$ 3,087,407	7

The termination benefits liability attributed to governmental activities are typically being liquidated in the general fund.

# **General Obligation Debt**

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the District. General obligation debt at June 30, 2023 is comprised of the following individual issues:

	Issue	Interest	Date of		A	mount Due
Description	Date	Rate	Maturity	Balance	Wit	hin One Year
GO Refunding Bonds	7/31/2019	3%-5%	3/1/2039	\$ 47,275,000	\$	2,270,000
Total General Obligation Debt				\$ 47,275,000	\$	2,270,000

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 8. Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Aggregate cash flow requirements for the retirement of long-term principal and interest as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest Tot	
2024	\$ 2,270,000	\$ 1,776,625	\$ 4,046,625
2025	2,390,000	1,618,350	4,008,350
2026	2,510,000	1,498,850	4,008,850
2027	2,640,000	1,373,350	4,013,350
2028	2,760,000	1,241,350	4,001,350
2029-2033	15,525,000	4,490,000	20,015,000
2034-2038	18,190,000	1,818,300	20,008,300
2039	990,000	29,700	1,019,700
Totals	\$ 47,275,000	\$ 13,846,525	\$ 61,121,525

#### **Debt Limit**

The 2022 equalized valuation of the District as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$2,779,042,776. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of June 30, 2023, in accordance with §67.03(1) (b) of the Wisconsin statutes follows:

Debt Limit (10% of \$2,779,042,776)	\$ 277,904,278
Deduct long-term debt applicable to debt margin	47,275,000
Margin of indebtedness	\$ 230,629,278

#### **Defeasance of Bonds**

On March 14, 2023, the District deposited cash into an irrevocable trust to purchase securities for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of the 2019 general obligation bonds. As a result, a portion of the general obligation bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities on the statement of net position. No economic gain resulted from the cash defeasance. The total of the defeased debt outstanding at June 30, 2023 is \$2,985,000. The risk-free monetary assets of the trust cannot be replaced.

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

**Plan Description**. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

**Vesting**. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

**Benefits Provided.** Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

**Post-Retirement Adjustments**. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
Year	(%)	(%)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$1,566,342 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2023 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers,		
executives and elected officials)	6.80%	6.80%
Protective with Social Security	6.80%	13.20%
Protective without Social Security	6.80%	18.10%

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$6,990,286 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.13194936%, which was a decrease of 0.0005562% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,544,780.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Defe	erred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	11,133,360	\$	(14,626,735)
Changes of assumptions		1,374,579		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		11,874,882		-
Changes in proportion and difference between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		44,029		(19,611)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		892,167		
Total	\$	25,319,017	\$	(14,646,346)

\$892,167 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

		ferred Outflows (Inflows)
Year Ended June 30:	of	Resources
2024	\$	405,336
2025		2,026,652
2026		2,083,551
2027		5,264,965
Total	\$	9,780,504

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

*Actuarial Assumptions*. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2021

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): December 31, 2022

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020

Experience Study: Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method:

Asset Valuation Method:

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

Discount Rate:

Entry Age Normal
Fair Value

6.8%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.0% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Post-Retirement Adjustments\* 1.7%\*

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total pension liability for December 31, 2022 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

<sup>\*</sup> No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns<sup>1</sup> As of December 31, 2022

		Long-Term	Long-Term
		<b>Expected Nominal</b>	Expected Real
Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Rate of Return %	Rate of Return %2
Public Equity	48	7.6	5.0
Public Fixed Income	25	5.3	2.7
Inflation Sensitive	19	3.6	1.1
Real Estate	8	5.2	2.6
Private Equity/Debt	15	9.6	6.9
Total Core Fund <sup>3</sup>	115	7.4	4.8
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70	7.2	4.6
International Equities	30	8.1	5.5
Total Variable Fund	100	7.7	5.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the Total Pension Liability for the current and prior year. The discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2022. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease to			19	6 Increase to		
	D	Discount Rate (5.80%)		Discount Rate		rent Discount	D	iscount Rate
				Rate (6.80%)		(7.80%)		
District's proportionate share of the			<u>-</u>					
net pension liability (asset)	\$	23,200,532	\$	6,990,286	\$	(4,160,972)		

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

Allocation of Pension Plan. Pension amounts are allocated between the Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities based on the percentage of required contributions of each opinion unit.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# 10. Supplemental Pension (Stipend) Benefit

At June 30, 2023, The District's total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

**Plan Description.** The District provides Administrators with a stipend benefit – based upon their exit salary as well as years of service in the District – at the time of their retirement. Since retirees receive a pension benefit from the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS), these post-employment pension benefits (stipend and cash in lieu payments) are supplemental to the WRS benefit and therefore, we refer to them as a supplemental pension benefit. The supplemental pension plan description is identified below:

Teachers with a minimum of 15 years of service in the District of Milton who is eligible for WRS shall receive a cash in lieu (of OPEB) payments. Eligible retirees waiving coverage in the District's group medical plans will receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 4 years.

Administrators with a minimum of 10 years of service in the School District of Milton who retire at the age of 55 years or older shall receive a retirement stipend in the amount equal to 60% of their exit salary. The total stipend amount will be paid out equally over a period of 4 years. Additionally, eligible retirees who waive the coverage in the District's group medical plans will instead receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 6 years.

District Administrator with a minimum of 5 years of service in the School District of Milton who retire at the age of 55 years or older shall receive a retirement stipend based on the following scale and the exit salary compensation will be divided into four (4) equal installments and distributed to the retired Administrator in four (4) annual payments. Additionally, eligible retirees who waive the coverage in the District's group medical plans will instead receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 6 years.

Years of Service	Amount of Stipend
At least 5 but less than 6 years	35% of Administrators exit salary
At least 6 but less than 7 years	40% of Administrators exit salary
At least 7 but less than 8 years	45% of Administrators exit salary
At least 8 but less than 9 years	50% of Administrators exit salary
At least 9 but less than 10 years	55% of Administrators exit salary
At least 10 years	60% of Administrators exit salary

Supervisors with a minimum of 10 years of service in the District of Milton who retire at the age of 55 years or older shall receive a cash in lieu (of OPEB) payments. Eligible retirees waiving coverage in the District's group medical plans will receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 6 years.

Support Staff with a minimum of 15 years of service in the District of Milton who retire at the age of 55 years or older shall receive a cash in lieu (of OPEB) payments. Eligible retirees waiving coverage in the District's group medical plans will receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 4 years.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# 10. Supplemental Pension (Stipend) Benefit (Continued)

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.* Employees participating in the supplemental pension (stipend) benefit consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	11
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	103
	114

**Funding Policy and Progress.** This is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no invested plan assets accumulated for payment of future benefits. The general fund is used for funding of all pension/retirement benefits. The employer makes all contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized a supplemental pension expense of \$69,981.

Total Supplemental Pension Liability:	
Beginning Balance	\$ 576,947
Changes for the Year	_
Service Cost	66,669
Interest	13,116
Changes of Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	(58,722)
Benefit Payments	 (54,721)
Net Changes	(33,658)
Ending Balance	\$ 543,289

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# 10. Supplemental Pension (Stipend) Benefit (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the supplemental pension benefit plan from the following sources:

	Ου	Deferred atflows of	I	Deferred nflows of
Gain / Loss	R	esources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual		_	·	_
experience	\$	53,551	\$	(42,764)
Changes of assumptions or other input		31,893		(100,914)
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		73,210		-
Total	\$	158,654	\$	(143,678)

\$73,210 reported as deferred outflows related to the supplemental pension benefit resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net supplemental pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the supplemental pension benefit will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended	Net Def	erred Outflows
June 30:	(Inflows	s) of Resources
2024	\$	(9,804)
2025		(9,804)
2026		(9,804)
2027		(9,804)
2028		(9,804)
Thereafter		(9,214)
	\$	(58,234)

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date of Total Pension Liability	June 30, 2022
Discount Rate:	4.00% - based upon all years of projected
	payments discounted at a municipal bond
	rate of 4.00%.

Mortality assumptions are based upon Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale (multiplied 60%).

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-17.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 10. Supplemental Pension (Stipend) Benefit (Continued)

**Single Discount Rate.** A single discount rate of 4.00% (based upon all years of projected payments discounted at a municipal bond rate of 4.00%) was used in this valuation in calculating the supplemental pension liability. It was assumed that the District would continue to fund its retiree benefits out of its general fund assets on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Sensitivity of the District's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.00 percent, as well as what the District's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.00 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (5.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to	Current	1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(3.00%)	(4.00%)	(5.00%)
Total Supplemental Pension Liability	\$576,312	\$543,289	\$511,831

# 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

**Plan Description.** The District provides post-retirement benefits for certain employees for current and future health and life insurance benefit expenses through a single-employer defined benefit plan. A biannual actuarial valuation is made to determine whether the contributions are sufficient to meet the plan obligations. The last actuarial valuation was made June 30, 2021. The post-retirement plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports.

*Funding Policy.* The District established the School District of Milton Post-Employment Benefits Trust in order to accumulate funds and finance the costs of OPEB.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Continued)

**Benefits Provided.** For the School District of Milton, the OPEB liability consists of several interdependent pieces arising from the rules of the plan. The amounts paid by the District for continued health care for all classification that are entitled to a benefit are briefly outlined below:

Administrators: At least age 55 with a minimum of 10 years of service

The District will make the same health insurance premium contribution on behalf of the retiree as is made on behalf of active Administrators (currently an 87.4% medical contribution) for a period of 6 years. If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carve-out' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

District Administrators as of November 1, 2019: At least age 55 with a minimum of 5 years of service

The Board shall contribute the dollar amount equal to 87.4% of the retired Administrator's single or family health premium based on the following scale:

Years of Service	Duration of Medical Benefit (commencing with the first month following retirement)
At least 5 but less than 6 years	3.5 years
At least 6 but less than 7 years	4 years
At least 7 but less than 8 years	4.5 years
At least 8 but less than 9 years	5 years
At least 9 but less than 10 years	5.5 years
At least 10 years	6 years

If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carve-out' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

Teachers: Eligible for WRS with a minimum of 15 years of service

The District will make the same health insurance premium contribution on behalf of the retiree as is made on behalf of active Teachers (currently an 87.4% health insurance premium contribution). The District's contributions will remain frozen at these amounts for a period of 4 years. If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carve-out' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

Supervisors: At least age 55 with a minimum of 10 years of service

The District will make the same health insurance premium contribution on behalf of the retiree as is made on behalf of active Supervisors (currently an 87.4% medical contribution) for a period of 6 years. If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carve-out' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Continued)

Support Staff: At least age 55 with a minimum of 15 years of service

The District will make the same health insurance premium contribution on behalf of the retiree as is made on behalf of active Support Staff (currently a 94% health insurance premium contribution). The District's contributions will remain frozen at these amounts for a period of 4 years. If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carve-out' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

All Retirees Participating in the District's Group Medical Plan (Inclusive of COBRA Participants): Upon retirement

From 7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014 the District implemented a Section 105 Health Reimbursement Arrangement wherein a portion of the prescription drug copay expenses and office visits are covered by the HRA through a TPA. While there is no individual cap, the District has a total dollar cap per plan year.

Effective 7/1/2014, the above benefit ended and the District implemented a HRA Benefit for reimbursement of a portion of the medical plan deductible, which is applicable to retirees for reimbursable expenses. It is assumed that the District will provide reimbursement for up to \$1,900 for those retirees with single coverage and \$3,800 for those retirees with family coverage.

Notes: This benefit is available for active employees as well as retirees participating in the District's Group Medical Plan. COBRA participants must pay an additional cost to receive the HRA deductible reimbursements. Retirees may be reimbursed for prescription medication through the HRA for Tier 2 and Tier 3 levels but only up to 50% for each tier. Unused HRA funds are forfeited each year.

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.** Employees participating in the OPEB benefit consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	29
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	406
	435

*Net OPEB Liability.* The District's net OPEB liability of \$10,499,286 was measured at June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The net OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.00 percent

Salary increases 3.00 percent, average, including inflation

Discount rate 2.25 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.5% decreasing by 0.10% per year down to 5.00%, and level thereafter

Mortality assumptions were based on Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale (multiplied 60%).

The actuarial assumptions were based on an experience study conducted in 2018 using the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-17.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total net OPEB liability was 2.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the net OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return is equal to the discount rate.

The discount rate is based upon all years of projected payments discounted at a 2.25% long-term expected rate of return. This rate is equivalent to the Bond Buyer GO 20-year AA Bond Index published by the Federal Reserve as of the week of the measurement date.

**Assets Allocation.** The current assets allocation of the District's OPEB plan's asset classes as of June 30, 2023 was as follows:

- 49% deposited in Financial Institution earning an interest rate of 0.5%
- 51% invested in LGIP, the average interest for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 3.76%

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability.

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB	Net OPEB				
	Liability Position		Liability			
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)			
Balance at 6/30/2021	\$ 12,752,122	\$ 3,177,949	\$ 9,574,173			
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	1,223,553	-	1,223,553			
Interest	295,501	-	295,501			
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-			
Differences between expected and actual experience	(83,759)	-	(83,759)			
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	-	-	-			
Contributions - employer	-	499,008	(499,008)			
Net investment income	-	11,174	(11,174)			
Benefit payments	(461,068)	(461,068)				
Net Changes	974,227	49,114	925,113			
Balance at 6/30/2022	\$ 13,726,349	\$ 3,227,063	\$ 10,499,286			

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.25 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1	% Increase
	1.25%	2.25%		3.25%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 11,433,02	\$ 10,499,286	\$	9,606,615

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following represents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.5 percent, then decreasing to 4.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5 percent, then decreasing to 6.0 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost		
1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase	
(5.5% decreasing	(6.5% decreasing to	(7.5% decreasing	
to 4.0%)	5.0%)	to 6.0%)	
\$ 9,071,065	\$ 10,499,286	\$ 12,174,804	
	(5.5% decreasing to 4.0%)	1% Decrease Trend Rates (5.5% decreasing to 4.0%)  Trend Rates (6.5% decreasing to 5.0%)	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Continued)

**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.** For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,292,298. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Ou	tflows of	Inflows of	
Gain / Loss	Re	esources	sources Resource	
Differences between expected and actual				
experiences	\$	35,276	\$	(2,870,603)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		1,131,905		(290,736)
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		122,784		-
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,283,940		-
Total	\$	2,573,905	\$	(3,161,339)

\$1,283,940 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

	]	Net Deferred
Year Ended	Out	tflows (Inflows)
June 30:		of Resources
2024	\$	(168,263)
2025		(180,438)
2026		(194,092)
2027		(205,655)
2028		(217,808)
Thereafter		(905,118)
	\$	(1,871,374)

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 12. Interfund Activities

#### **Due to/Due from Other Funds**

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances on June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Due To	Due From		Amount	Purpose	
Employee Benefit Trust	General Fund	\$	530,967	OPEB Contribution	
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		358,674	Transfer for Capital Improvement	
General Fund	Community Service Fund		421	Temporary Cash Shortfall	
Employee Benefit Trust	Food Service Fund		1,680	OPEB Contribution	
<b>Total Fund Financial Statements</b>			891,742		
Less: Fund Eliminations Total District-Wide Statement of Net	Position - Due to Fiduciary Funds	\$	(359,095) 532,647		

#### **Transfers**

The District had the following interfund transfers:

Receiving	Paying			
Fund	Fund		Amount	Purpose
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$	994,459	Capital Improvement Trust Fund Transfer
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		22,608	Other Capital Projects Fund Transfer
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>			1,017,067	
Employee Benefit Trust	Food Service		11,756	OPEB Contribution
Total Business-type Activities			11,756	
Less: Fund Eliminations		(	(1,017,067)	
Total District-Wide Statement of A	ctivities	\$	11,756	

On the district-wide Statement of Activities, a transfer of \$11,756 was recorded to show the amount paid by the food service fund to the Employee Benefit Trust so that it is reflected in the business-type activities.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 13. Fund Balances

The following is a detailed schedule of ending fund balances as reported in the fund financial statements by category:

			Capital	Community	Special	
	General Fund	Debt Service	Projects	Service Fund	Revenue Trust	Total
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids	\$ 7,680	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,680
Restricted for:						
Unspent Common School Fund	11,527	=	-	=	-	11,527
Get Kids Ahead Initiative	90,285	=	-	=	-	90,285
Debt Service Retirement	-	938,260	-	=	-	938,260
Capital Projects	-	=	2,421,201	=	-	2,421,201
CTE Grant	55,933	=	-	=	-	55,933
Back to School Aid	315,926	=	-	=	-	315,926
Committed for:						
Applied Fund Balance	463,467	=	-	=	-	463,467
Assigned for:						
Programs	-	=	-	131,198	220,858	352,056
<u>Unassigned</u>	10,140,520					10,140,520
Total Fund Balances	\$ 11,085,338	\$ 938,260	\$ 2,421,201	\$ 131,198	\$ 220,858	\$ 14,796,855

#### 14. Limitation on School District Revenues

Wisconsin statutes limit the amount of revenues school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum.

This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by a referendum prior to August 12, 1993.
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993.

# 15. Contingencies

The District is exposed to the risk of loss in several areas, including personal injury, wrongful actions, and fire and other casualties. Management has chosen to obtain insurance covering such losses in amounts believed to be sufficient to eliminate the possibility of a material loss in excess of insurance coverage.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 16. Subsequent Events

#### Subsequent Borrowing

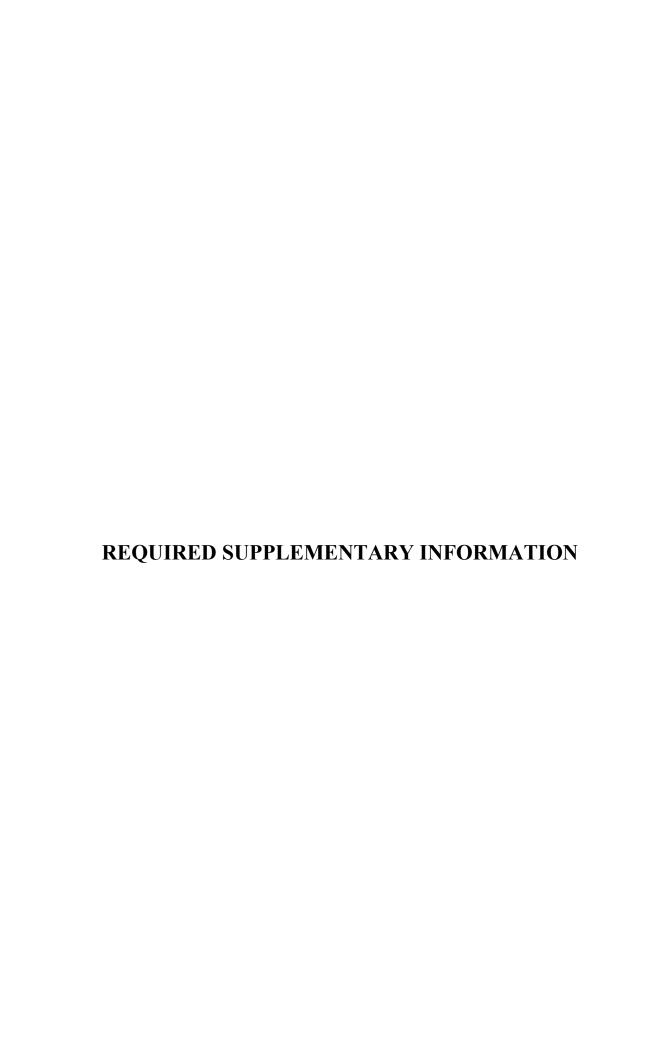
In September 2023, the District adopted a resolution authorizing a taxable tax and revenue anticipation promissory note for cash flow purposes in the amount not to exceed \$1,900,000 and approved the temporary borrowing in an amount not to exceed \$1,900,000 at an interest rate of 6.98%.

#### Modification of OPEB Plan

Effective July 1, 2023, the District is implementing a modified benefit plan featuring a tiered structure designed to meet the varied needs of employments at different stages of their careers. The modified plan not only aligns with the District's broader strategic plan but also prioritizes financial sustainability by containing costs and encouraging employee longevity. Note 11 outlines the OPEB benefits as of June 30, 2023 prior to these changes becoming effective. Changes to the benefits included a tiered approach based on expected retirement. The model moves more towards set amounts to be contributed towards HRA and 403(b) plans rather than based on health premiums. Future financial statements will reflect adjustments on the government-wide financial statements for the changes in benefits.

# 17. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has adopted GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. When this becomes effective, application of this standard may restate portions of these financial statements.



# Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Variance with

For	For the Year Ended June 30, 2023				
	Budgeted		Actual	(Negative)	
DEVIENTIEG	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>			
REVENUES	e 14 221 202	e 14 221 202	e 14 221 202	¢.	
Property Taxes	\$ 14,221,203	\$ 14,221,203	\$ 14,221,203	\$ -	
Other Local Sources	556,375	637,007	660,753	23,746	
Inter-District Sources	3,154,246	3,163,614	3,177,497	13,883	
Intermediate Sources	26.044.021	26.020.060	3,924	3,924	
State Sources	26,844,821	26,920,968	26,978,279	57,311	
Federal Sources	1,300,890	2,333,075	2,274,054	(59,021)	
Other Sources	1,200	1,200	114,369	113,169	
Total Revenues	46,078,735	47,277,067	47,430,079	153,012	
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction:					
Regular Instruction	16,913,663	16,876,055	16,754,466	121,589	
Vocational Instruction	1,305,863	1,391,667	1,407,999	(16,332)	
Special Instruction	584,131	590,096	551,032	39,064	
Other Instruction	2,001,400	2,019,739	1,980,769	38,970	
Total Instruction	20,805,057	20,877,557	20,694,266	183,291	
Support Services:	1 221 012	1 200 (21	1 241 002	47.620	
Pupil Services	1,231,913	1,289,621	1,241,983	47,638	
Instructional Staff Services	1,904,190	1,989,870	1,899,567	90,303	
General Administration Services	723,085	691,074	664,273	26,801	
Building Administration Services	2,638,762	2,641,887	2,593,576	48,311	
Business Services	731,300	736,616	733,751	2,865	
Operations and Maintenance	3,797,974	4,100,069	4,100,555	(486)	
Pupil Transportation	1,633,668	1,583,915	1,574,662	9,253	
Central Services	466,685	468,225	413,012	55,213	
Insurance	365,000	345,000	390,507	(45,507)	
Other Support Services	1,287,990	1,161,707	1,115,661	46,046	
Total Support Services	14,780,567	15,007,984	14,727,547	280,437	
Debt Service	683,559	633,559	686,451	(52,892)	
Capital Outlay	748,152	1,016,003	1,313,397	(297,394)	
Purchased and Non-Program Services	4,124,969	4,097,031	4,138,333	(41,302)	
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	41,142,304	41,632,134	41,559,994	72,140	
Expenditures	4,936,431	5,644,933	5,870,085	225,152	
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (LISES)					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets			2 960	2 960	
	(4,300,646)	(4 115 000)	2,869	2,869	
Transfer to Special Education Fund Transfer to Other Funds		(4,115,000) (1,017,187)	(4,096,840)	18,160	
	(635,785)		(1,017,067)	120	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(4,936,431)	(5,132,187)	(4,947,166)	185,021	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	512,746	922,919	410,173	
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	10,162,419	10,162,419	10,162,419		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 10,162,419	\$ 10,675,165	\$ 11,085,338	\$ 410,173	

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Special Education Fund - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Variance with

	Do Josés	J. A	Astrol	Final Budget Positive
	Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	Original	rillai		
Other Local Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,551	\$ 2,551
State	1,800,825	1,800,825	1,894,180	93,355
Federal	879,850	1,017,625	864,999	(152,626)
Total Revenues	2,680,675	2,818,450	2,761,730	(56,720)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Special Instruction	5,163,787	5,079,877	4,975,631	104,246
Total Instruction	5,163,787	5,079,877	4,975,631	104,246
Support Services				
Pupil Services	896,587	911,612	918,201	(6,589)
Instructional Staff Services	303,717	307,174	292,634	14,540
Business Services	9,000	10,000	9,032	968
Operations and Maintenance	400	680	680	-
Pupil Transportation	454,000	421,786	416,605	5,181
Central Services	5,000	8,901	7,584	1,317
Total Support Services	1,668,704	1,660,153	1,644,736	15,417
Debt Service	_	_	1,969	(1,969)
Capital Outlay	_	27,185	8,500	18,685
Non-Program Services	148,830	166,235	227,734	(61,499)
m . 1 m 1%	6 001 221	6.022.450	6.050.550	74.000
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	6,981,321	6,933,450	6,858,570	74,880
Expenditures	(4,300,646)	(4,115,000)	(4,096,840)	18,160
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer from General Fund	4,300,646	4,115,000	4,096,840	(18,160)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

A) Sources/Inflows of Resources:	G	eneral Fund	Special Education Fund		
Actual amounts "total revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedules	\$	47,430,079	\$	2,761,730	
Reclassification:  Special education fund revenues are reclassified to the general fund, required for GAAP reporting		2,761,730		(2,761,730)	
The general fund revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	50,191,809	\$	<u>-</u>	
B) Uses/Outflows of Resources:	General Fund		Special Education Fund		
Actual amounts "total expenditures" from the budgetary comparison schedules	\$	41,559,994	\$	6,858,570	
Reclassification:  Special education fund expenditures are reclassified to the general fund, required for GAAP reporting		6,858,570		(6,858,570)	
The general fund expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	48,418,564	\$		

# **District Net OPEB Liability Schedules** For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios as of the Measurement Date

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total OPEB Liability							
Service costs	\$ 1,223,553	\$ 1,327,253	\$ 1,080,587	\$ 1,086,076	\$ 1,127,086	\$ 895,916	\$ 895,916
Interest	295,501	336,379	440,481	513,091	454,932	364,044	358,710
Changes of benefit terms	-	(1,239,739)	-	(6,211)	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(83,759)	(1,537,991)	-	(2,268,245)	-	70,550	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	-	(186,306)	1,188,399	135,842	(232,257)	300,085	-
Benefit payments	(461,068)	(468,039)	(467,563)	(642,554)	(647,254)	(1,118,553)	(1,035,132)
Net change in total OPEB	974,227	(1,768,443)	2,241,904	(1,182,001)	702,507	512,042	219,494
Total OPEB Liability-Beginning	12,752,122	14,520,565	12,278,661	13,460,662	12,758,155	12,246,113	12,026,619
Total OPEB Liability-Ending (a)	\$ 13,726,349	\$ 12,752,122	\$ 14,520,565	\$ 12,278,661	\$ 13,460,662	\$ 12,758,155	\$ 12,246,113
Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 499,008	\$ 856,424	\$ 496,238	\$ 846,354	\$ 1,037,011	\$ 1,097,980	\$ 1,096,681
Net investment income	11,174	9,109	27,582	36,105	17,971	8,068	4,466
Benefit payments	(461,068)	(468,039)	(467,563)	(642,554)	(647,254)	(1,118,553)	(1,035,132)
Other adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	20,503	-
Net change in fiduciary net position	49.114	397,494	56,257	239,905	407,728	7,998	66,015
Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning	3,177,949	2,780,455	2,724,198	2,484,293	2,076,565	2,068,567	2,002,552
Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$ 3,227,063	\$ 3,177,949	\$ 2,780,455	\$ 2,724,198	\$ 2,484,293	\$ 2,076,565	\$ 2,068,567
, ,							
Net OPEB Liability							
Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 10,499,286	\$ 9,574,173	\$ 11,740,110	\$ 9,554,463	\$ 10,976,369	\$ 10,681,590	\$ 10,177,546
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total							
OPEB Liability	23.51%	24.92%	19.15%	22.19%	18.46%	16.28%	16.89%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 21,701,110	\$ 21,701,110	\$ 20,417,295	\$ 20,417,295	\$ 19,204,027	\$ 19,204,027	\$ 17,426,758
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-							
employee payroll	48.38%	44.12%	57.50%	46.80%	57.16%	55.62%	58.40%
	Sch	edule of District (	Contributions				
		Last 10 Fiscal	Years				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$ 1,544,006	\$ 1,515,855	\$ 1,471,704	\$ 1,608,353	\$ 1,561,508	\$ 1,266,953	\$ 1,266,953
Contributions in Relation to the ADC	499,008	856,424	856,424	496,238	846,354	1,037,011	1,097,980
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$ 1,044,998	\$ 659,431	\$ 615,280	\$ 1,112,115	\$ 715,154	\$ 229,942	\$ 168,973
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 21,701,110	\$ 21,701,110	\$ 20,887,410	\$ 20,417,295	\$ 19,476,859	\$ 19,476,859	\$ 19,204,027
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-							
Employee Payroll	2.30%	3.95%	4.10%	2.43%	4.35%	5.32%	5.72%

Data presented as of the measurement date.

# District Supplemental Pension Plan Schedules As of the Measurement Date June 30, 2022

# **Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability**

Last 10 Years\*

Changes for the Year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Service Costs	\$ 66,669	\$ 53,610	\$ 44,913	\$ 27,896	\$ 28,800	\$ 37,027	\$ 37,027
Interest	13,116	12,249	16,869	12,280	11,907	15,381	15,952
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	100,267	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences		20,032	-	55,285	-	(85,532)	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(58,722)	-	42,525	(6,065)	(5,588)	(79,569)	-
Benefit Payments	(54,721)	(53,063)	(39,412)	(47,937)	(46,848)	(64,551)	(79,443)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(33,658)	32,828	64,895	141,726	 (11,729)	(177,244)	 (26,464)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	576,947	544,119	479,224	337,498	349,227	526,471	552,935
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 543,289	\$ 576,947	\$ 544,119	\$ 479,224	\$ 337,498	\$ 349,227	\$ 526,471
Covered Payroll	\$ 6,094,568	\$ 6,094,568	\$ 5,438,073	\$ 5,438,073	\$ 4,819,713	\$ 4,819,713	\$ 4,850,579
Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8.91%	9.47%	10.01%	8.81%	7.00%	7.25%	10.85%

<sup>\*</sup> Data presented as of the measurement date

# Wisconsin Retirement System June 30, 2023

# Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) As of the Measurement Date

Last 10 Calendar Years\*

				Collective net	
				pension liability	Plan fiduciary net
		Proportionate		(asset) as a	position as a
	Proportion of the	share of the net	Covered-	percentage of its	percentage of the
Year ended	net pension	pension liability	employee	covered-employee	total pension
December 31,	liability (asset)	(asset)	payroll	payroll	liability (asset)
2022	0.13194936%	\$ 6,990,286	\$ 24,097,570	29.01%	95.72%
2021	(0.13250556%)	(10,680,191)	22,708,269	(47.03%)	106.02%
2020	(0.13380206%)	(8,353,448)	21,729,975	(38.44%)	105.26%
2019	(0.13672538%)	(4,408,650)	21,583,969	(20.43%)	102.96%
2018	0.13598820%	4,838,033	21,024,884	23.01%	96.45%
2017	(0.13159675%)	(3,907,263)	20,585,052	(18.98%)	102.93%
2016	0.12609521%	1,039,326	19,129,270	5.43%	99.12%
2015	0.12496407%	2,030,642	17,510,893	11.60%	98.20%
2014	(0.12622806%)	(3,099,654)	17,159,106	(18.06%)	102.74%

<sup>\*</sup> The proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and other amounts presented above for each year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred 6 months prior to the financial reporting period.

# Schedule of District's Contributions For the Year Ended

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*\*

		Coı	ntributions in				
		1	relation to				Contributions as a
	Contractually	the	contractually	Contribution			percentage of
Year ended	required		required	deficiency	Co	vered-employee	covered-
June 30,	contributions	cc	ontributions	(excess)		payroll	employee payroll
2023	\$ 1,573,639	\$	(1,573,639)	\$ -	\$	23,607,726	6.67%
2022	1,500,367		(1,500,367)	=		23,078,933	6.50%
2021	1,462,928		(1,462,928)	=		22,152,113	6.60%
2020	1,464,667		(1,464,667)	=		21,927,739	6.68%
2019	1,417,633		(1,417,633)	-		21,345,777	6.64%
2018	1,403,713		(1,403,713)	-		20,725,101	6.77%
2017	1,326,930		(1,326,930)	-		19,735,337	6.72%
2016	1,260,224		(1,260,224)	-		18,873,608	6.68%
2015	1,221,588		(1,221,588)	-		17,743,469	6.88%

<sup>\*\*</sup>The contribution and other amounts presented above for each fiscal year are based on information that occurred during that fiscal year.

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 1. Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statues, using the budgetary accounting basis prescribed by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. The legally adopted budget and budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the two-digit sub function level in the General Fund and the function level in all other funds. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the School Board.

#### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

The General Fund incurred expenditures, by function, in excess of appropriations by \$10,000 or more as follows:

		V	'ariance
Fund	Function		Amount
General	Vocational Instruction	\$	16,332
General	Purchased and Non Program Services		41,302
General	Insurance		45,507
General	Capital Outlay		297,394
General	Debt Service		52,892
Special	Non-Program Services		61,499

#### 2. District Net OPEB Liability Schedules

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 requirements have been implemented prospectively, therefore, the illustrations do not present similar information for the 3 preceding years.

#### Actuarial assumptions

Key methods and assumptions used to calculate actuarially determined contributions (ADC) were as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Amortization Method	30 year Level %
Discount Rate	2.25%
Inflation	2.50%

# Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms.

#### Change of assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions.

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 3. District Supplemental Pension Plan Schedules

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 73 requirements have been implemented prospectively, therefore, the illustrations do not present similar information for the 3 preceding years.

#### Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms.

#### Changes of assumptions

The discount rate was updated based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index as of the week of the measurement date (4.00%) in compliance with GASB No. 73.

#### **Assets**

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in governmental accounting standards to pay related benefits.

#### 4. Wisconsin Retirement System Schedules

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requirements have been implemented prospectively, therefore, the illustrations do not present similar information for the 1 preceding year.

#### Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

#### Changes of assumptions

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# 4. Wisconsin Retirement System Schedules (Continued)

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions:

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age
Amortization Method:	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of
	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed
A (* (* D * 1	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period
Amortization Period:	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from
	WRS	date of participation in WRS	WRS	WRS	WRS
Asset Valuation Method:	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed
	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions					
Net Investment Rate of	7.40/	<b>7.40</b> /	7.40/	5.50/	5.50/
Return: Weighted based on assumed	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%	5.5%	5.5%
rate for:					
Pre-retirement:	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.2%	7.2%
Post-retirement:	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Salary Increases					
Wage Inflation:	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.2%	3.2%
Seniority/Merit:	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%
Post-retirement Benefit	4.007	4.007	4.007	• • • •	
Adjustments*:	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	2.1%	2.1%
Retirement Age:	Experience - based	Experience - based	Experience - based	Experience -based	Experience - based
	table of rates that are	table of rates that are	table of rates that are	table of rates that are	table of rates that are
	specific to the type of	specific to the type of	specific to the type of	specific to the type of	specific to the type of
	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.
	Last updated for the 2018 valuation	Last updated for the 2018 valuation	Last updated for the 2018 valuation	Last updated for the 2015 valuation	Last updated for the 2015 valuation
			pursuant to an		
	pursuant to an	pursuant to an experience study of the		pursuant to an	pursuant to an
	period 2015-2017.	period 2015-2017.	period 2015 - 2017.	period 2012 - 2014.	period 2012 - 2014.
	period 2013-2017.	period 2013-2017.	period 2015 - 2017.	period 2012 - 2014.	periou 2012 - 2014.
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018	Wisconsin 2018	Wisconsin 2018	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin 2012
	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The
	rates based on actual	rates based on actual	rates based on actual	rates based on actual	rates based on actual
	WRS experience	WRS experience	WRS experience	WRS experience	WRS experience
	adjusted for future	adjusted for future	adjusted for future	adjusted for future	adjusted for future
	mortality	mortality	mortality	mortality	mortality
	improvements using	improvements using	improvements using	improvements using	improvements using
	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2015 fully	the MP-2015 fully
	generational	generational	generational	generational	generational
	improvement scale	improvement scale	improvement scale	improvement scale	improvement scale
	(multiplied by 60%).	(multiplied by 60%).	(multiplied by 60%).	(multiplied by 50%).	(multiplied by 50%).

<sup>\*</sup>No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

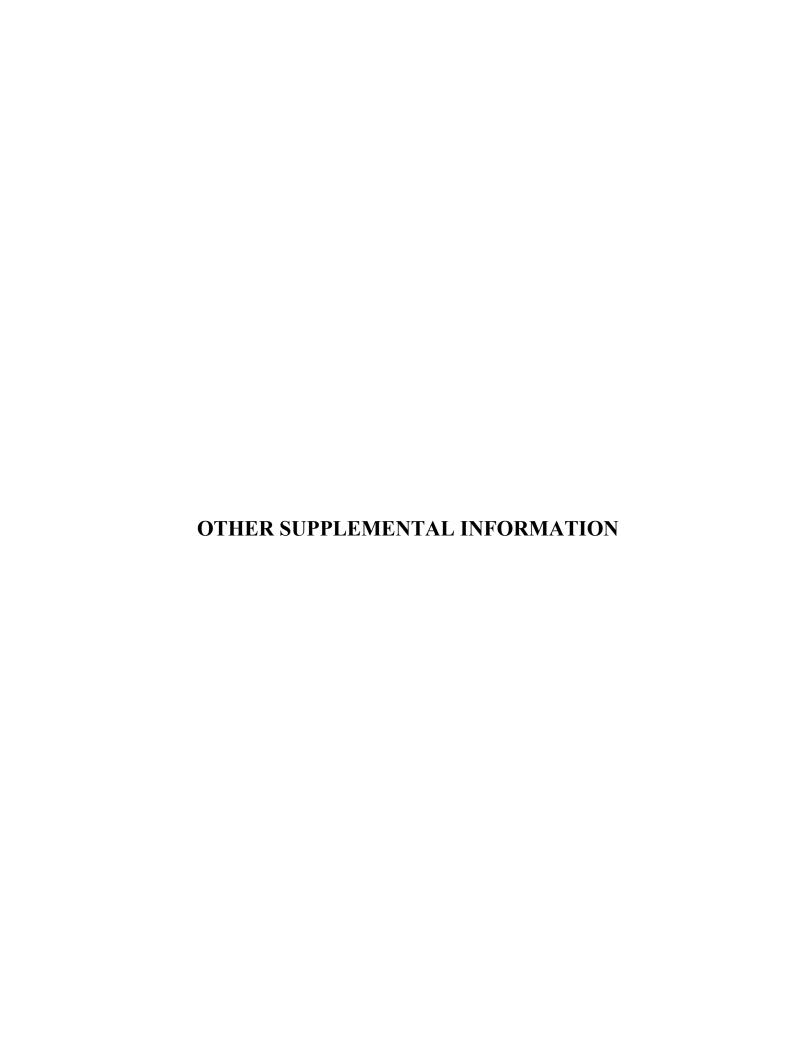
# Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# 4. Wisconsin Retirement System Schedules (Continued)

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions:

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Actuarial Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age
Amortization Method:	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of
	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed
	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period
Amortization Period:	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from
			date of participation in		
Asset Valuation Method:	WRS Five Year Smoothed	WRS Five Year Smoothed	WRS Five Year Smoothed	WRS Five Year Smoothed	WRS Five Year Smoothed
Asset valuation Method.	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions	Market (Closed)	Warket (Closed)	Warket (Closed)	Warker (Closed)	Market (Closed)
Net Investment Rate of		5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Return:	5.5%				
assumed rate for:					
Pre-retirement:	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%
Post-retirement:	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
•					
2	0.1%-5.6%				
	2 10/	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%
3		Evnerience based table	Evnariance based table	Experience based table	Experience based table
Retifement Age.					
					*
	*				
					1
		*			
Montality					
Mortanty.					
	•	•	•	•	•
		•			
	•	1 0	1 0	1 2	
	•				
	1	•	•		•
		(margin) in mortality	(margin) in mortality	(margin) in mortality	
					2000 for men.
	*				
Net Investment Rate of Return: assumed rate for: Pre-retirement:		7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1%  Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009 - 2011. Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience	7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Experience-based table of rates that are	7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1%  Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009 - 2011.  Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience	7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1%

<sup>\*</sup>No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.



## School District of Milton Milton, Wisconsin

#### Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Trust		Community Service Fund		Total Non- Major Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$	224,722	\$	131,619	\$	356,341	
Total Assets	\$	224,722	\$	131,619	\$	356,341	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	3,864	\$	421 421	\$	3,864 421 4,285	
Fund Balances:		220.050		121 100		252.056	
Assigned		220,858		131,198		352,056	
Total Fund Balances	Φ	220,858	Φ.	131,198	Φ.	352,056	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<b>3</b>	224,722	<b>3</b>	131,619	\$	356,341	

### School District of Milton Milton, Wisconsin

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Trust	Community Service Fund	Student Activity Events	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES Draw outs: Toy as	\$ -	\$ 442,161	¢	\$ 442,161	
Property Taxes Other Local Sources	982,798	\$ 442,161 107,090	\$ - 29,729	\$ 442,161 1,119,617	
Other Sources Other Sources	902,790	107,090	1,316	1,316	
Total Revenues	982,798	549,251	31,045	1,563,094	
Total Revenues		347,231	31,043	1,303,074	
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction:					
Regular instruction	218,428	-	-	218,428	
Other Instruction	409,024		17,964	426,988	
Total Instruction	627,452		17,964	645,416	
Support Services:					
Pupil Services	63	-	-	63	
Business Services	1,200	-	8,273	9,473	
Operations and Maintenance	21,375	170,108	-	191,483	
Pupil transportation	195,233	-	-	195,233	
Community Services		184,893		184,893	
Total Support Services	217,871	355,001	8,273	581,145	
Capital Outlay	127,623	178,694	-	306,317	
Purchased and Non-Program Services	26,237		4,808	31,045	
Total Expenditures	999,183	533,695	31,045	1,563,923	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(16,385)	15,556		(829)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(16,385)	15,556	-	(829)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	237,243	115,642		352,885	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 220,858	\$ 131,198	\$ -	\$ 352,056	

#### Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Pased through Waconsin Department of Public Instructions:	Awarding Agency Pass-Through Agency <u>Award Description</u>	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity <u>ID Number</u>	Receivable July 1, 2022	Receipts	Expenditures	Receivable June 30, 2023	
Doubted Commodities								
Pood Service Aid Schood Breakfiers   10.533   2023-533612-DPI-SB-546   .   47.977   47.977   .   .   .   .   .   .   .   .   .	Child Nutrition Cluster							
Pood Service Aid School Derachient Server   10.533   2023-333612-DPI-SBSEVERE-546   500.088	Donated Commodities	10.555	Not Available	\$ - \$	120,140	\$ 120,140	\$ -	
National School Lunch Program   10.555   2023-533612-DPI-NSL-547   - 500,968   500,968   - 706   10	Food Service Aid School Breakfast	10.553	2023-533612-DPI-SB-546	-	47,977	47,977	-	
Total U.S. Department of Education   1.00	Food Service Aid School Breakfast Severe	10.553	2023-533612-DPI-SB-SEVERE-546	-	10,161	10,161	-	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture   Separate   Sep	National School Lunch Program	10.555	2023-533612-DPI-NSL-547	_	500,968	500,968		
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction:   Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction:   COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary Schools   Series Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - CARES   84.4250   2022-533612-DPI-ARPHCYII-173   1.098   1.098   7.028   7.	Total Child Nutrition Cluster			-	679,246	679,246	-	
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction:   COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary Schools	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				679,246	679,246	-	
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction:   COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary Schools	U.S. Department of Education							
Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Children and Youth COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - CARES   \$4.425D   2021-533612-DPI-ASSERFI-168   \$8.387   \$8.387   \$7.028   \$4.6275   \$0.0000000000000000000000000000000000								
COVID-19   Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief   CARES   84.425   2021-533612-DPI-ESSERFI-163   213.995   578.899   831.629   469.725   469.7	COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary Schools							
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III	Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	2022-533612-DPI-ARPHCYII-173	1,098	1,098	7,028	7,028	
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III	COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - CARES	84.425D	2021-533612-DPI-ESSERF-160	86,387	86,387	_	_	
COVID-19 ARPA-LETRS	COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II	84.425D	2022-533612-DPI-ESSERFII-163	213,995	575,899	831,629	469,725	
COVID-19 ARPA-LETRS		84.425U	2023-533612-DPI-ESSERFIII-165	95,187	685,698	590,511	_	
Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief   Sept. 11-A Teacher/Principal   Sept. 21-A Title II-A Teacher/Principal   Sept. 21-A Title II-A Teacher/Principal   Sept. 21-A Title II-A Eacher/Principal   Sept. 21-A State II-A Teacher/Principal   Sept. 21-A State II-A Eacher/Principal   Sept. 21-A State II-A Teacher/Principal   Sept. 21-A State II-A Teac				-		•	_	
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program         84.424A         2023-533612-DPI-TIVA-381         77         20,035         20,763         805           ESEA Title I-A Basic Grant         84.010A         2023-533612-DPI-TI-A-141         101,974         212,254         158,255         47,975           Special Education Cluster (IDEA)           IDEA Flow Through         84.027A         2023-533612-DPI-FLOW-341         273,262         802,261         770,306         241,307           IDEA Preschool Entitlement         84.027         Not Available         21,149         21,149         -         -         5,010         14,252         9,242           COVID-19 ARPA - IDEA Preschool Entitlement         84.173X         2023-533612-DPI-ARPAIDEAPS-346         1,712         1,712         1,712         -         -         5,010         14,252         9,242           Career and Technical Education Cluster (IDEA)         84.173X         2023-533612-DPI-ARPAIDEAPS-346         1,712         1,712         1,712         2,75         25,549           Career and Technical Education Basic Grants           Passed through School District of Edgerton:           Carl Perkins         84,048         2023-533612-DPI-CTE-400         20,591         41,618         21,027         - <td>Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>396,667</td> <td>1,356,732</td> <td>1,436,818</td> <td>476,753</td>	Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief			396,667	1,356,732	1,436,818	476,753	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)   Separate (IDEA)	ESEA Title II-A Teacher/Principal	84.367A	2023-533612-DPI-TIIA-365	15,841	58,672	54,316	11,485	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)   IDEA Flow Through	Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	2023-533612-DPI-TIVA-381	77	20,035	20,763	805	
IDEA Flow Through   S8.0.27A   2023-533612-DPI-FLOW-341   273,262   802,261   770,306   241,307   1DEA CEIS Entitlement   88.0.27   Not Available   21,149   21,149   -		84.010A	2023-533612-DPI-TI-A-141	101,974	212,254	158,255	47,975	
IDEA CEIS Entitlement	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)							
IDEA Preschool Entitlement	IDEA Flow Through	84.027A	2023-533612-DPI-FLOW-341	273,262	802,261	770,306	241,307	
COVID-19 ARPA - IDEA Preschool Entitlement   S4.173X   2022-533612-DPI-ARPAIDEAPS-346   1,712   1,712       Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)   296,123   830,132   784,558   250,549     Career and Technical Education Basic Grants   Passed through School District of Edgerton:   Carl Perkins   S4.048   2023-533612-DPI-CTE-400   20,591   41,618   21,027       Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants   20,591   41,618   21,027       Passed through CESA 2:   ESEA III-A English Language Acquis   S4.365A   2023-533612-DPI-TIIIA-391   -   3,924   3,924       Total U.S. Department of Education   S31,273   2,515,717   2,479,661   787,567      U.S. Department of Health and Human Services   Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:   Medical Assistance Program   93.778   Not Available   663   282,217   298,322   16,768     Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services   16,768   16	IDEA CEIS Entitlement	84.027	Not Available	21,149	21,149	-	-	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)   296,123   830,132   784,558   250,549	IDEA Preschool Entitlement	84.173A	2023-533612-DPI-PRESCH-347	-	5,010	14,252	9,242	
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants   Passed through School District of Edgerton:   Carl Perkins	COVID-19 ARPA - IDEA Preschool Entitlement	84.173X	2022-533612-DPI-ARPAIDEAPS-346	1,712	1,712	-	-	
Passed through School District of Edgerton:         84.048         2023-533612-DPI-CTE-400         20,591         41,618         21,027         -           Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants         20,591         41,618         21,027         -           Passed through CESA 2:         ESEA III-A English Language Acquis         84.365A         2023-533612-DPI-TIIIA-391         -         3,924         3,924         -           Total U.S. Department of Education         831,273         2,515,717         2,479,661         787,567           U.S. Department of Health and Human Services           Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:         93.778         Not Available         663         282,217         298,322         16,768           Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services         663         282,217         298,322         16,768	Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			296,123	830,132	784,558	250,549	
Carl Perkins         84.048         2023-533612-DPI-CTE-400         20,591         41,618         21,027         -           Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants         20,591         41,618         21,027         -           Passed through CESA 2:         ESEA III-A English Language Acquis         84.365A         2023-533612-DPI-TIIIA-391         -         3,924         3,924         -           Total U.S. Department of Education         831,273         2,515,717         2,479,661         787,567           U.S. Department of Health and Human Services           Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:         Medical Assistance Program         93.778         Not Available         663         282,217         298,322         16,768           Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services         663         282,217         298,322         16,768	Career and Technical Education Basic Grants							
Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants   20,591   41,618   21,027   -	Passed through School District of Edgerton:							
Passed through CESA 2:         ESEA III-A English Language Acquis       84.365A       2023-533612-DPI-TIIIA-391       - 3,924       3,924       - 787,567         Total U.S. Department of Education         U.S. Department of Health and Human Services         Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:         Medical Assistance Program       93.778       Not Available       663       282,217       298,322       16,768         Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services       663       282,217       298,322       16,768	Carl Perkins	84.048	2023-533612-DPI-CTE-400	20,591	41,618	21,027		
ESEA III-A English Language Acquis       84.365A       2023-533612-DPI-TIIIA-391       -       3,924       3,924       -         Total U.S. Department of Education       831,273       2,515,717       2,479,661       787,567         U.S. Department of Health and Human Services         Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:       93.778       Not Available       663       282,217       298,322       16,768         Medical Assistance Program       93.778       Not Available       663       282,217       298,322       16,768         Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services       663       282,217       298,322       16,768	Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants			20,591	41,618	21,027	-	
Total U.S. Department of Education         831,273         2,515,717         2,479,661         787,567           U.S. Department of Health and Human Services           Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:         93.778         Not Available         663         282,217         298,322         16,768           Medical Assistance Program         93.778         Not Available         663         282,217         298,322         16,768           Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services         663         282,217         298,322         16,768	Passed through CESA 2:							
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:  Medical Assistance Program  Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Medical Assistance Program  Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  663 282,217 298,322 16,768	ESEA III-A English Language Acquis	84.365A	2023-533612-DPI-TIIIA-391	-	3,924	3,924	-	
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:  Medical Assistance Program  Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  93.778  Not Available  663  282,217  298,322  16,768  663  282,217  298,322  16,768	Total U.S. Department of Education			831,273	2,515,717	2,479,661	787,567	
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:  Medical Assistance Program  Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  93.778  Not Available  663  282,217  298,322  16,768  663  282,217  298,322  16,768	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services							
Medical Assistance Program         93.778         Not Available         663         282,217         298,322         16,768           Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services         663         282,217         298,322         16,768	•							
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 663 282,217 298,322 16,768		93.778	Not Available	663	282,217	298,322	16,768	
Total Federal Awards \$ 831 936 \$ 3 477 180 \$ 3 457 229 \$ 804 335	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	Total Federal Awards			\$ 831,936 \$	3.477.180	\$ 3,457,229	\$ 804,335	

#### SCHOOL DISTRICT OF MILTON Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Awarding Agency Pass-through Agency <u>Award Description</u>	State ID <u>Number</u>	Pass-through Entity <u>ID Number</u>	ceivable y 1, 2022	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>		Receivable June 30, 2023	
Visconsin Department of Public Instruction:								
Entitlement Programs:								
Special Education and School Age Parents								
Direct State Payments	255.101	533612-100	\$ - \$	1,806,091	\$ 1,806,09	1 \$	-	
Subtotal Special Education and School Age Parents			 -	1,806,091	1,806,09	[	-	
Common School Fund Library Aid	255.103	533612-104	-	222,339	222,339	)	-	
Pupil Transportation	255.107	533612-102	-	66,268	66,26	3		
Equalization	255.201	533612-116	-	23,833,251	23,833,25	L	-	
Per Pupil Aid	255.945	533612-113	-	2,545,802	2,545,80			
High Cost of Special Education	255.210	533612-119	-	75,669	75,669			
Aid for School Mental Health Programs	255.227	533612-176	38,943	98,859	59,91	5		
Cost Reimbursement Programs:								
State School Lunch	255.102	533612-107	-	11,569	11,569	)		
Special Education Transition Readiness Grant	255.257	533612-174	24,185	24,185	ŕ	-		
AODA Grant	255.306	533612-143	24,434	24,434	25,00	)	25,000	
School Breakfast Program	255.344	533612-108	-	10,735	10,73	5	ĺ,	
Early College Credit Program	255.445	533612-178	-	520	520	)		
Educator Effective Evaluation System Grant	255.940	533612-154	22,960	22,960	26,00	)	26,000	
Career and Technical Education Incentive Grants	255.950	533612-152	48,104	94,663	46,55	)		
Assessments of Reading Readiness	255.956	533612-166	-	15,252	15,25	2		
Special Education Transition Incentive Grants	255.960	533612-168	-	12,420	12,420	)		
Passed Though District of Jefferson								
Peer Review and Mentoring	255.301	533612-141	_	6,300	6,30	)		
Subtotal Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction			158,626	28,871,317	28,763,69		51,000	
Visconsin Department of Workforce Development:								
Passed Through District of Edgerton								
School - to - Work Partnership Youth Grant	445.107	Not Available	 -	14,000	14,00	)		
Total State Awards			\$ 158,626 \$	28,885,317	\$ 28,777,69	l \$	51.000	

#### Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Note 1** Reporting Entity

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of Federal and State Awards include the federal and state grant activity of the School District of Milton.

#### **Note 2** Basis of Presentation

The accounting records for the grant programs are maintained on the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting, depending on the fund type the federal and state awards are recorded in. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Guidelines.

#### Note 3 Special Education and School Age Parents Program

2022-2023 eligible costs under the State Special Education Program are \$5,936,365. The 2023-2024 aid estimate is \$1,863,991.

#### **Note 4** Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed (\$120,140).

#### Note 5 Medical Assistance

Expenditures presented for the Medicaid SBS Benefit represent only the federal funds for the program that the District receives from DHS. District records should be consulted to determine the total amount expended for this program.

#### Note 6 De Minimis Cost Rate

The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### Note 7 Subrecipients

The District did not pass-through any federal or state awards to subrecipients.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the School Board School District of Milton Milton, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Milton, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District of Milton's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District of Milton's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Milton's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Milton's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District of Milton's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not the objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc. December 6, 2023



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES

To the School Board School District of Milton Milton, Wisconsin

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the School District of Milton's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District of Milton's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District of Milton's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School District of Milton complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the State Single Audit Guidelines, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District of Milton and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District of Milton's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District of Milton's federal and state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District of Milton's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Guidelines will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District of Milton's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Guidelines we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District of Milton's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District of Milton's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Guidelines, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.



#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc. December 6, 2023

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

\* Material weakness identified?

None Reported

\* Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

#### Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness identified?

\* Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major federal programs:

Assistance Listing Number 93.778 84.425

Name of Program or Cluster Medical Assistance Program

Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief

Dollar threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

#### State Awards

Internal control over major programs:

\* Material weakness identified?

No

\* Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance State Single Audit Guidelines or Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual?

No

#### SCHOOL DISTRICT OF MILTON Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)

Identification of major state programs:

ID Number	Name of State Program or Cluster
255.201	Equalization Aid
255.103	Common School Fund Library Aid
255.945	Per Pupil Aid

Dollar threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs:

\$250,000

#### Section II - Financial Statement Finding

None

#### Section III - Federal and State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None.

#### Section IV – Other Issues

1. Does the auditor have substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?

No

2. Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e. material non-compliance, non-material non-compliance, questioned costs, material weakness, significant deficiency, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grants/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the State Single Audit Guidelines:

Department of Health Services	No
Department of Workforce Development	No
Department of Public Instruction	No

3. Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?

Yes An Audit Communication Letter was submitted to the oversight body

4. Name and signature of partner

Tara Bast, CPA

5. Date of report:

December 6, 2023

#### Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Prior Year Financial Statement Finding**

None

#### Prior Year Federal and State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding #2022-001: #84.425U COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund – ESSER III

Federal Grantor: U.S. Department of Education

Pass-through Award Number: 2022-533612-DPI-ESSERFIII-165
Pass-through Entity: Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

*Criteria:* Wage rate requirements apply to the Education Stabilization Fund when laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors work on construction contracts more than \$2,000. Laborers must be paid wages not less than those established for the locality of the project (prevailing wage rates) by the Department of Labor (DOL).

Nonfederal entities shall include in their contracts subject to wage rate requirements a provision that the contractor or subcontractor comply with those requirements and the DOL regulations. This includes a requirement for the contractor or subcontractor to submit to the District weekly payrolls and a statement of compliance (certified payrolls).

*Condition:* There was one Education Stabilization Fund construction project performed by a subcontractor. Grant expenditures for the project paid by Education Stabilization Fund totaled \$424,000. There was not a prevailing wage clause in the contract and certified payrolls were not received.

*Cause:* The District was not aware that wage rate requirements applied to the construction project until after it was completed.

*Effect:* A reimbursement request was made for expenditures that did not comply with wage rate requirements.

Questioned Costs: \$424,000.

**Recommendation:** Establish controls to comply with wage rate requirements related to the Education Stabilization Fund. Consider determining if the contractor performing the project in 2021-2022 paid prevailing wage rates for costs reimbursed by the grant.

*Grantee Response:* The District will review the work of our contracted transportation provider to determine if they are including the appropriate students in the count summary.

*Current Status:* The District resolved this finding with the state oversight agency. Current year testing of this program did not identify any findings.