



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF MILTON

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board School District of Milton Milton, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Milton ("District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue a report on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc. December 13, 2022

The discussion and analysis of the School District of Milton (the "District") financial information provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. The analysis focuses on school district financial performance as a whole. Efforts have been made to provide comparison to prior year data when such data is available. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total governmental assets of the District are \$116,752,259 and total deferred outflows of resources are \$21,920,674. Total governmental net position after deducting liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is \$35,987,760.

In terms of general fund operations, the District had an Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses of \$1,152,312. This increased our fund balance from \$8,962,801 at the beginning of the year to \$10,115,113 at year-end. This fund balance is approximately 21% of our general fund 2021-2022 actual expenditures. The percentage of fund balance held can be viewed in the range of healthy, yet not excessive. Because this fund balance does not meet cash flow timing needs, annual short-term borrowing is necessary. The timing issue is not unique to our district, like other school districts, we wait to receive a substantial state aid payment in early December, though our fiscal year commences July 1.

The general fund (Fund 10) reported an increase in fund balance of \$1,152,312 at the end of the fiscal year. The food service fund (Fund 50) experienced revenues that were more than expenditures by \$662,968 and increased the food service fund balance to \$664,667. The aforementioned numbers are before the full accrual basis adjustments. On a full accrual basis, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$725,795 and fund balance was increased to \$514,316. The increase in fund balance is attributed to increased meal sales through participation in the temporary federal program to provide free meals for students. The timing of equipment delivery also delayed purchase to the next fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section of the financial report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis, basic financial statements (district-wide and fund statements) including notes to the financial statements and other required supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the District's financial activities.

- The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information on a district-wide basis. The statements present an aggregate view of the District's finances. District-wide statements contain useful long-term information as well as information for the recently completed fiscal year.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.

The notes to the financial statement provide further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provide additional disclosures giving statement users more a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the District's budget data for the year.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

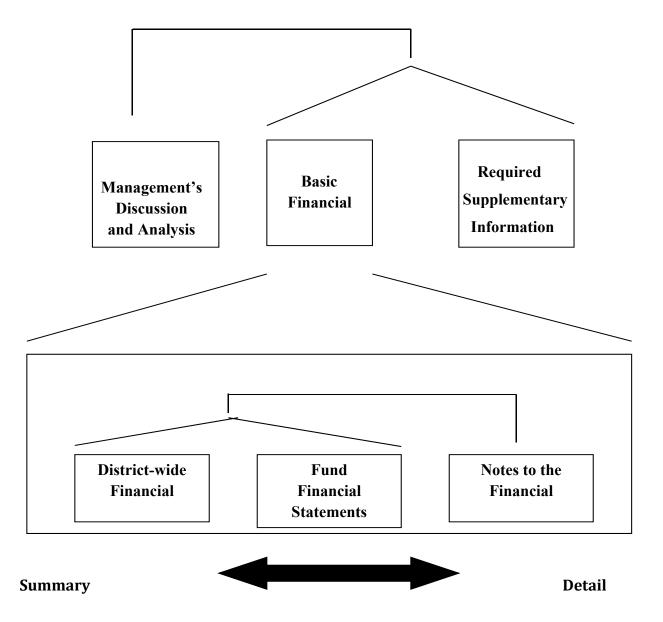


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statement, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Major Features of the District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

FIGURE A-2	District Wide	Fu	nd Financial Statements	
	Statements	Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary
Scope	Entire District (Except fiduciary	The activities of the District that are not fiduciary, such as	Activities the District operates similar to	Assets held by the District on behalf of
	funds).	instructional, support services, and community services.	private business. The District's food service program is its only proprietary fund.	someone else.
Required financial	Statement of Net	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net	Statement of Fiduciary
Statements	Position		Position	Net Position
		Statement of Revenues,	Statement of Revenues,	Statement of Changes
	Statement of	Expenditures and Changes in	Expenses and Changes in	in Fiduciary Net
	Activities	Fund Balance	Net Position	Position
Basis of accounting	Accrual	Modified accrual accounting	Accrual accounting	Accrual accounting
and measurement	accounting			
focus		Current financial resources	Economic resources	Economic resources
	Economic	focus	focus	focus
	resources focus			
Type of asset and	All assets and	Generally, assets expected to	,	All assets and
liability	liabilities, both	be used up and liabilities that	both financial and	liabilities, both
information	financial and	come due during the year or	capital; short-term and	financial and capital;
	capital, short-	soon thereafter. No capital	long-term.	short-term and long-
	term and long-	assets or long-term liabilities		term.
	term.	included.		
Type of inflow and	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash is	All revenues and	All additions or
outflow	expenses during	received during or soon after	expenses during the year,	ç
information	the year,	the end of the year;	regardless of when cash	year, regardless of
	regardless of	expenditures when goods or	is received or paid.	when cash is received
	when cash is	services have been received		or paid.
	received or paid.	and the related liability are		
		due and payable.		

District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The two district-wide statements report the District's *Net Position* and how they have changed. Net Position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's overall financial position.

- Increases or decreases in the District's Net Position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall financial condition of the District, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities should be considered.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as governmental activities.

Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, support services, community programs and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (for example-paying its long-term debt), or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (for example-capital project funds).

The District has the following type of funds:

• Governmental funds – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for funding future basic services. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Governmental fund information does not report on long-term commitments as they are reported on the district-wide statements. Therefore, an explanation of the differences between the governmental funds and the district-wide statements is included either at the bottom of the governmental funds statements or as a separate statement.

FINANCIAL ANALYSES

Statement of Net Position

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's Net Position for the period ended June 30, 2022. The Food Service Net Position is restricted for food service operations. The calculation of Net Position uses historical costs for facilities that may not reflect the fair value. The facilities are in fair to good condition, as we have appropriated annually for preventative maintenance. However, dollars available for such appropriation have not met total identified needs.

Table 1												
Condensed Statement of Net Position												
(in millions of dollars)												
Governmental Business-type									Total			
		Acti	vitie	<u>s</u>		Acti	vities	-		School I	Dist	rict
		2022		2021	2	022	4	2021		2022		2021
Current & other assets	\$	18.7	\$	24.1	\$	0.7	\$	0.1	\$	19.4	\$	24.2
Capital assets	Ψ	87.5	Ψ	84.0	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	87.5	Ψ	84.0
Restricted assets		10.5		8.2		0.2		0.1		10.7		8.3
Total Assets	\$	116.7	\$	116.3	\$	0.9	\$	0.2	\$	117.6	\$	116.5
Deferred outflows	\$	21.9	\$	15.5	\$	0.3	\$	0.3	\$	22.2	\$	15.8
Long-term debt outstanding	\$	54.7	\$	60.8	\$	-	\$	-	\$	54.7	\$	60.8
Other liabilities		19.6		22.2		0.3		0.4		19.9		22.6
Total Liabilities	\$	74.3	\$	83.0	\$	0.3	\$	0.4	\$	74.6	\$	83.4
Deferred inflows	\$	28.3	\$	20.2	\$	0.4	\$	0.3	\$	28.7	\$	20.5
Net Investment in												
Capital Assets	\$	31.0	\$	27.4	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31.0	\$	27.4
Restricted		11.0		8.6		0.1		0.1		11.1		8.7
Unrestricted (deficit)		(6.0)		(7.4)		0.4		(0.3)		(5.6)		(7.7)
Total Net Position	\$	36.0	\$	28.6	\$	0.5	\$	(0.2)	\$	36.5	\$	28.4

In governmental activities, the largest portion of the District's Net Position is its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and equipment), less related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. These assets are used to provide services to students and consequently are not available for future spending.

Table 2 shows the changes in Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 from all governmental and business-type activities. As shown below, general revenues provide about 78% of the funding for governmental activities. The District relies on property taxes for 34% of its governmental activity revenue.

		Table 2 ange in Net I millions of d				
	Governi <u>Activ</u>	ities	Busines <u>Activ</u>	ities	Tota <u>School E</u>	District
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
General Revenues:	¢ 10.0	ф 10 <i>5</i>	¢		¢ 10.0	¢ 10.5
Property taxes		\$ 19.5 22.2	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 19.5 22.2
State formula aid	24.0	22.2	-	-	24.0	22.2
Other	0.2	0.6		-	0.2	0.6
Total general revenues	43.2	42.3	-	-	43.2	42.3
Program revenues:						
Charges for service	4.2	3.4	0.1	0.1	4.3	3.5
Operating Grants and Contributions	7.9	5.6	1.7	0.8	9.6	6.4
Capital Grants and Contributions	0.4	-	-	-	0.4	-
Total program revenues	12.5	9.0	1.8	0.9	14.3	9.9
Total revenues	55.7	51.3	1.8	0.9	57.5	52.2
Program Expenses:						
Instruction	24.4	23.9	-	-	24.4	23.9
Pupil & instructional services	4.6	3.9	-	-	4.6	3.9
Administration and business	4.1	3.5	-	-	4.1	3.5
Maintenance and operations	3.2	4.5	-	-	3.2	4.5
Transportation	1.9	1.8	-	-	1.9	1.8
Community service	0.1	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1
Non-program services	4.4	4.0	-	-	4.4	4.0
Other	5.6	5.4	1.1	0.9	6.7	6.3
Total Expenses	48.3	47.1	1.1	0.9	49.4	48.0
Special Item - Gain (Loss) on						
Disposal	-	(0.1)	-	-	-	(0.1)
Change in Net Position	7.4	4.1	0.7	-	8.1	4.1
Beginning Net Position	28.6	24.5	(0.2)	(0.2)	28.4	24.3
Ending Net Position	\$ 36.0	\$ 28.6	\$ 0.5	\$ (0.2)	\$ 36.5	\$ 28.4

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets:

At the end of the 2022 fiscal year, the District had invested approximately \$122.5 million in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, sites, library books, and equipment (see Table 3). Additional information about capital assets can be found in <u>Note 4</u>. Total accumulated depreciation on these assets was \$34.9 million for governmental activities and \$0.1 million for business-type activities.

- Asset acquisition for governmental activities totaled \$5,955,377 and \$0 for the food service program.
- The District recognized depreciation expense of \$2,405,825 for governmental activities and \$722 for the food service program during the fiscal year.
- Major capital asset additions for the year included: elementary buildings, referendum construction for middle and high schools.

	(Table 3 Capital As nillions of (sets	urs)				
	Goverr <u>Activ</u>			Busine <u>Acti</u>	• •	<u>School</u>	<u>Dis</u>	<u>trict</u>
	2022	2021		2022	2021	2022		2021
Land & improvements	\$ 4.9	\$ 4.7	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4.9	\$	4.7
Building & building improvements	68.0	59.4		-	-	68.0		59.4
Equipment & furniture	7.9	7.6		0.1	0.1	8.0		7.7
Construction work in progress	41.6	44.9		-	-	41.6		44.9
Accumulated depreciation	 (34.9)	(32.6)		(0.1)	(0.1)	 (35.0)		(32.7)
Total	\$ 87.5	\$ 84.0	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 87.5	\$	84.0

Long-Term Debt:

At year-end, the District had \$52,585,000 in general obligation bonds and \$1,814,162 in financed purchases outstanding. Additional information on long-term obligations can be found in Note 7.

FUND SUMMARY

General Fund

The General Fund, the main operating fund of the District remains in a financially stable condition. Revenues were greater than expenditures by \$1,152,312. The current general fund balance represents approximately 21% of expenditures.

Approximately 28% of revenues come from property taxes, which are guaranteed by the County of Rock and County of Jefferson. The Board of Education certifies taxes in November to the municipal clerks. The clerks pay the District's proportionate share of collections in January and February. The balance of the taxes is then paid to the County by July 31 and remitted to the School District of Milton in August. This year taxes receivable at year-end was \$4,688,483.

The District adopts an Interim Budget for the Annual Meeting of the electors in August. The Original Budget is adopted in October when the final revenue limit calculations are completed. The Final Budget is adopted after final adjustments are calculated at year-end. The Original 2021-2022 Budget levied at the maximum allowable amount under the revenue limit. The Board of Education approved general fund (fund 10 and fund 27) revenues at \$47,655,688 and expenditures at \$47,019,903 before operating transfers out which resulted in a balanced budget, the Original Budget had anticipated expenditures not to exceed revenues.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund had a fund balance at year-end of \$971,315. This balance is used to pay debt service principal and interest payments due in the fall through December 31, which is prior to receiving our first property tax payment in January. Debt service payments come mainly from property taxes and any interest earned on those taxes. Any excess fund balance is the result of additional interest earnings over budget and will be used to lower the property tax levy in future years. The fund balance is restricted and can only be used for debt service payments.

The District's current Moody's Bond Rating is Aa3 (May 2022). The District's current debt limit is \$237,027,133 (6/30/2022) and current bonds payable principal amount outstanding is \$52,585,000, leaving a margin of indebtedness of \$184,442,133.

Balance of Governmental Funds

The balance of the governmental funds is either funded in part by grants or reliant on the general fund for revenue sources. They are listed in the body of the audit statement.

Factors Bearing on District's Future

On November 3, 2020, the District passed a referendum to allow the District budget to exceed the revenue limit by \$2,500,000 per year for five years. The \$2,500,000 level amount asked for and supported by the electorate is used to support a balanced budget for the next five years. Inflationary components (wages, benefits, transportation, utilities, etc.), coupled with additional demands on the instructional and Building and Grounds budgets cause continued analysis in future years. Changes made at the state (2021-2023 biennial budget) removed the per pupil increase in the revenue limit. When combined with a decline in pupils, the formula reduces future base revenue. This continues to remain a fiscal concern and will be monitored during the next state budget cycle.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Business Services, School District of Milton, 448 E. High Street, Milton, WI 53563 at (608) 868-9200.

School District of Milton Milton, Wisconsin Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 11,139,373	\$ 743,725	\$ 11,883,098
Restricted Cash and Investments	1,762,620	-	1,762,620
Receivables:	4 (99 492		4 (00 402
Taxes Accounts	4,688,483 627	1,800	4,688,483
Prepaid Expenses	103,237	1,000	2,427 103,237
Due from Fiduciary Funds	443	10	453
Due from Other Governments	1,032,022	-	1,032,022
Inventories	-	9,809	9,809
Total Current Assets	18,726,805	755,344	19,482,149
Noncurrent Assets:			
Land, Land Improvements and Work in Progress	46,584,200	-	46,584,200
Buildings and Building Improvements Furniture	68,029,500	-	68,029,500
and Equipment	7,856,261	138,479	7,994,740
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(34,980,516)	(123,081)	(35,103,597)
Net Capital Assets	87,489,445	15,398	87,504,843
Restricted Assets:			
Net Pension Asset	10,536,009	144,182	10,680,191
Total Restricted Assets	10,536,009	144,182	10,680,191
Total Noncurrent Assets	98,025,454	159,580	98,185,034
Total Assets	116,752,259	914,924	117,667,183
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Deferred OPEB Outflows	1,890,215	42,223	1,932,438
Deferred Pension Outflows	19,880,474	272,059	20,152,533
Deferred Pension Stipend Outflows	149,985	-	149,985
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	21,920,674	314,282	22,234,956
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	802,674	-	802,674
Accrued Liabilities:			
Payroll and Related Items	3,611,524	-	3,611,524
Interest	668,981	-	668,981
Deposits Payable	2,349	90,676	93,025
Short-Term Borrowing Deferred Revenue	1,400,000 35,989	-	1,400,000 35,989
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	3,141,291	-	3,141,291
Total Current Liabilities	9,662,808	90,676	9,753,484
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	54,773,735	-	54,773,735
Supplemental Pension Liability	576,947	-	576,947
Net OPEB Liability	9,364,983	209,190	9,574,173
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	64,715,665	209,190	64,924,855
Total Liabilities	74,378,473	299,866	74,678,339
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred OPEB Inflows	3,361,539	75,088	3,436,627
Deferred Pension Inflows	24,840,581	339,936	25,180,517
Deferred Pension Stipend Inflows	104,580	-	104,580
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	28,306,700	415,024	28,721,724
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	31,019,959	15,398	31,035,357
Debt Service	322,202	-	322,202
Net Pension Asset	10,536,009	144,182	10,680,191
Get Kids Ahead Initiative	56,068	,	56,068
Other	49,991	-	49,991
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(5,996,469)	354,736	(5,641,733)
Total Net Position	\$ 35,987,760	\$ 514,316	\$ 36,502,076

School District of Milton Milton, Wisconsin Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program Revenue			Net (Expense)	Revenue and Chang	es in Net Position
			Operating	Capital Grants	~		
	_	Charges for	Grants and	and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
Instruction	* • • • • • • • • • •	¢	a (252 (50	¢.	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (¢	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Regular Instruction	\$ 16,010,121	\$ 3,124,019	\$ 4,373,650	\$ -	\$ (8,512,452)	\$ -	\$ (8,512,452)
Vocational Instruction	1,237,030	9,248	67,211	-	(1,160,571)	-	(1,160,571)
Special Education Instruction	4,868,350	610	2,383,612	-	(2,484,128)	-	(2,484,128)
Other Instruction	2,310,640	699,884	443	-	(1,610,313)	-	(1,610,313)
Total Instruction	24,426,141	3,833,761	6,824,916		(13,767,464)		(13,767,464)
Support Services							
Pupil Services	1,851,318	25,316	389,011	-	(1,436,991)	-	(1,436,991)
Instructional Staff Services	2,718,693	-	262,826	-	(2,455,867)	-	(2,455,867
General Administration Services	678,368	720	-	-	(677,648)	-	(677,648
Building Administration Services	2,259,956	-	-	-	(2,259,956)	-	(2,259,956
Business Services	1,646,610	48,075	38,469	424,000	(1,136,066)	-	(1,136,066)
Operations and Maintenance	2,712,516	4,710	56,972		(2,650,834)	-	(2,650,834)
Pupil Transportation	1,873,441	36,134	164,932		(1,672,375)	_	(1,672,375)
Central Services	362,870	50,151	21,999	_	(340,871)		(340,871)
Insurance	351,421		21,777		(351,421)		(351,421)
Interest and Fiscal Charges on Debt	1,844,773	-	-	-	(1,844,773)	-	(1,844,773)
Other Support Services	1,230,346	136,876	16,238	-	(1,077,232)	-	(1,077,232)
Community Services	1,230,340	110,093	10,238	-	(37,112)	-	(37,112)
Unallocated Depreciation	· · · · ·	110,095	-	-		-	
	1,758,593	361,924	950,447	424.000	(1,758,593)		(1,758,593)
Total Support Services	19,436,110	361,924	950,447	424,000	(17,699,739)		(17,699,739)
Purchased and Non-Program Services	4,401,850		62,104		(4,339,746)		(4,339,746)
Total Governmental Activities	48,264,101	4,195,685	7,837,467	424,000	(35,806,949)		(35,806,949)
Business-Type Activities							
Food Service Program	1,130,720	84,904	1,778,486	-	-	732,670	732,670
Total Business-Type Activities Total Governmental and Business	1,130,720	84,904	1,778,486			732,670	732,670
Type Activities	\$ 49,394,821	\$ 4,280,589	\$ 9,615,953	\$ 424,000	(35,806,949)	732,670	(35,074,279)
	General revenues	:					
		, Levied for General	Purposes		14,292,899		14,292,899
		, Levied for Debt Se			4,018,400	-	4,018,400
		, Levied for Commu			700,000	-	700,000
		e Aid not Restricted			700,000	-	/00,000
	General	e Ald not Restricted	to specific Purpose		22 077 000		22.077.000
		-tt Ei			23,977,909	- 022	23,977,909
	Interest and Inve Miscellaneous	sument Earnings			37,893	933	38,826
					196,841	3,095	199,936
	Transfers	1.0. 1.7	c		-	(10,903)	(10,903)
		l Revenues and Trar			43,223,942	(6,875)	43,217,067
		n (Loss) on Disposa	an a		(4,470)	-	(4,470)
		Net Position			7,412,523	725,795	8,138,318
	Net Position (Defic				28,575,237	(211,479)	28,363,758
	Net Position (Defic	it) - Ending			\$ 35,987,760	\$ 514,316	\$ 36,502,076

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General Fund			lon-Major vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$	10,755,457	\$	383,916	\$	11,139,373	
Restricted Cash and Investments		-	·	1,762,620		1,762,620	
Receivables:				, ,		, ,	
Taxes		4,688,483		-		4,688,483	
Accounts		627		-		627	
Prepaid Expenses		93,556		9,681		103,237	
Due from Other Funds		30,044		875,564		905,608	
Due from Other Governments		1,032,022		-		1,032,022	
Total Assets	\$	16,600,189	\$	3,031,781	\$	19,631,970	
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	ES						
Liabilities:							
Short-term Borrowing	\$	1,400,000	\$	-	\$	1,400,000	
Accounts Payable		575,773		226,901		802,674	
Accrued Payroll and Related Items		3,611,524		-		3,611,524	
Accrued Interest		19,868		-		19,868	
Due to Other Funds		875,562		29,603		905,165	
Other Deposits Payable		2,349		-		2,349	
Deferred Revenue		-		35,989		35,989	
Total Liabilities		6,485,076		292,493		6,777,569	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		93,556		9,681		103,237	
Restricted		106,059		2,386,403		2,492,462	
Committed		463,467		2,500,105		463,467	
Assigned				343,204		343,204	
Unassigned		9,452,031		545,204		9,452,031	
Total Fund Balances		10,115,113		2,739,288		12,854,401	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	16,600,189	\$	3,031,781	\$	19,631,970	
Tetal Elacities and Faire Balances	¥	10,000,109	¥	2,021,701	Ŷ	19,001,970	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 12,854,401
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	87,489,445
The net pension asset is not a current financial resource, and is, therefore, not reported in the fund statements.	10,536,009
Pension and OPEB deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are actuarially determined by the defined pension plan and OPEB plans. These items are reflected in the Statement of Net Position and are being amortized with pension and OPEB expenses in the Statement of Activities. The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not current financial resources or uses and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Net deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(6,386,026)
Other items, including OPEB liability and supplemental pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the fund statements. Net OPEB liability Supplemental pension liability	(9,364,983) (576,947)
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Financed Purchases, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	
Position. General obligation debt Premium on long-term debt Financed Purchases Accrued interest on long-term debt Termination benefits liability	(52,585,000) (3,485,412) (1,814,162) (649,113) (30,452)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 35,987,760

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 14,292,899	\$ 4,718,400	\$ 19,011,299
Other Local Sources	604,811	711,079	1,315,890
Inter-district Sources	2,990,286	-	2,990,286
Intermediate Sources	3,292	-	3,292
State Sources	28,577,118	-	28,577,118
Federal Sources	3,634,898	-	3,634,898
Other Sources	62,742	85,571	148,313
Total Revenues	50,166,046	5,515,050	55,681,096
EXPENDITURES Instruction:			
Regular Instruction	17,295,411	46,766	17,342,177
Vocational Instruction	1,317,044	-	1,317,044
Special Education Instruction	5,227,684	-	5,227,684
Other Instruction	1,949,129	426,226	2,375,355
Total Instruction	25,789,268	472,992	26,262,260
Support Services:			
Pupil Services	2,081,714	417	2,082,131
Instructional Staff Services	2,323,288	- 11	2,323,288
General Administration Services	642,095	-	642,095
Building Administration Services	2,436,903	-	2,436,903
Business Services	723,498	1,300	724,798
Operations and Maintenance	3,550,695	179,608	3,730,303
Pupil Transportation	1,852,179	43,735	1,895,914
Central Services	384,816	-	384,816
Insurance	339,000	12,421	351,421
Other Support Services	1,274,506		1,274,506
Community Services		151,182	151,182
Total Support Services	15,608,694	388,663	15,997,357
Debt Service:			
Principal	610,208	2,030,000	2,640,208
Interest and Fiscal Charges	44,649	2,030,000	2,040,200
Total Debt Service	654,857	4,069,150	4,724,007
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Capital Outlay	1,684,819	4,320,047	6,004,866
Purchased and Non-Program Services	4,400,534	1,316	4,401,850
Total Expenditures	48,138,172	9,252,168	57,390,340
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
Expenditures	2,027,874	(3,737,118)	(1,709,244)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer In	_	875,562	875,562
Transfer Out	(875,562)	075,502	(875,562)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(875,562)	875,562	(075,502)
	<u> </u>		(1.700.044)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,152,312	(2,861,556)	(1,709,244)
Fund Balances - Beginning	8,962,801	5,600,844	14,563,645
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 10,115,113	\$ 2,739,288	\$ 12,854,401

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ (1,709,244)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.	
This is the amount by which current year capital outlays (\$5,955,377) were greater than depreciation (\$2,405,825) in the current period.	3,549,552
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The	
Statement of Activities reports the value of benefits earned/used during the year. Net decrease (increase) in net OPEB Liability and deferred OPEB outflows (inflows) of	
resources Net decrease (increase) in supplemental pension liability and deferred supplemental pension	253,242
outflows (inflows) of resources Net decrease (increase) in termination benefits	(6,228) (189)
The Statement of Activities reports losses arising from the disposal of capital assets. Losses on disposal do not appear in the governmental funds. This is the amount of loss on disposal	
of current year capital assets.	(4,470)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	
The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is: The amount of financed purchases payments in the current year is:	2,030,000 610,208
The amount of debt premium amortized in the current year is:	205,024
In governmental funds interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure	
when paid. In the Statement of Activities interest is reported as incurred. Change in amount of accrued interest not reflected on Governmental Funds	34,002
Pension expense reported in the governmental funds represents current year required contributions into the defined benefit pension plan. Pension expense in the Statement of Activities is actuarially determined by the defined benefit pension plan as the difference between the net pension liability (asset) from the prior year to the current year, with some	
adjustments. Amount of current year required contributions into the defined benefit pension plan Actuarially determined change in net pension liability (asset) between years, with	1,524,575
adjustments	926,051
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,412,523

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Food Service
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 743,725
Accounts Receivable	1,800
Due from Other Funds - Fiduciary	10
Inventories	9,809
Total Current Assets	755,344
Noncurrent Assets:	
Furniture and Equipment	138,479
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(123,081)
Net Noncurrent Assets	15,398
Restricted Assets	
Net Pension Asset	144,182
Total Restricted Asset	144,182
Total Assets	914,924
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Pension Outflows	272,059
Deferred OPEB Outflows	
	42,223
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	314,282
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Food Service Deposits	90,676
Total Current Liabilities	90,676
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net OPEB Liability	209,190
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	209,190
Total Liabilities	299,866
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred OPEB Inflows	75,088
Deferred Pension Inflows	339,936
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	415,024
NET DOSITION (DEELCIT)	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	15 200
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Net Pension Asset	15,398 144,182
Unrestricted (Deficit)	354,736
	334,/30
Total Net Position	\$ 514,316

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Food Service	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Food Sales	\$	84,904
State Sources		41,811
Federal Sources		1,629,062
Commodities		107,613
Miscellaneous Income		3,095
Total Operating Revenues		1,866,485
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and Fringes		485,151
Purchased Services		35,523
Food and Supplies		596,390
Depreciation		722
Other		12,934
Total Operating Expenses		1,130,720
Operating Income (Loss)		735,765
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest and Investment Revenue		933
Total Non-Operating Revenue		933
Transfers Out - Benefit Trust Payment		(10,903)
Change in Net Position		725,795
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning Total Net Position (Deficit) - Ending	\$	(211,479) 514,316

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Foo	od Service
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash received from user charges	\$	104,163
Cash received from other governmental payments		1,778,486
Cash received from miscellaneous sources		3,095
Cash payments to employees for services		(566,921)
Cash payments to utilities and other purchased services		(35,523)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(614,419)
Cash payments for other operating activities		(10,903)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		657,978
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		658,911
Cash and equivalents- beginning of year		84,814
Cash and equivalents- end of year	\$	743,725
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	735,765
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		722
Payment to benefit trust		(10,903)
Pension expense		(25,487)
OPEB expense		(38,061)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Due to (from) other funds		(18,222)
Inventory		(5,095)
Accounts receivable		(631)
Food service deposits		19,890
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	657,978
Noncash Noncapital Financing Activities:		
During the year the District received commodities from the		
U.S. Department of Agriculture in the amount of	\$	107,613

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Employee Benefit Trust June 30, 2022

	Employee Benefit Trust		
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,227,516		
Total Assets	 3,227,516		
LIABILITIES			
Due to Other Funds	453		
Total Liabilities	 453		
NET POSITION			
Restricted	3,227,063		
Total Net Position	\$ 3,227,063		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Employee Benefit Trust For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Employee Benefit Trust
ADDITIONS	
Employer Contributions	\$ 499,007
Interest and Dividends	11,174
Employee Contributions	28,026
Total Additions	538,207
DEDUCTIONS	400.002
Benefits Paid	489,093
Total Deductions	489,093
Change in Net Position	49,114
Net Position - Beginning	3,177,949
Net Position - Ending	\$3,227,063

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Introduction

The School District of Milton (the "District") is organized as a common school district. The District, governed by a seven-member elected school board, operates grades 4K through 12 and is comprised of all or parts of nine taxing districts. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the District as the primary government.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described in the following sections.

B. Component Units

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements include the primary government and its component units. Component units are separate organizations that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District. All significant activities and organizations with which the District exercises oversight responsibility have been considered for inclusion in the basic financial statements. The District has no component units.

C. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental and business-type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for business-type activities and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

D. Fund Accounting

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented.

The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal value. Non operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Fiduciary funds consist of pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, investment trust funds, and custodial funds. Fiduciary funds should be used only to report resources held for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. A fund is presented as a fiduciary fund when all of the following criteria are met: a) The government controls the assets that finance the activity, b) Assets are not generated from the government's own-source revenues or from government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions, c) Assets are administered through a qualifying trust or the government does not have administrative involvement and the assets are not generated from the government's othe beneficiaries, or the assets are for the benefit of entities that are not part of the government's reporting entity.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in other funds. Under GASB 54, the General Fund includes the operations of the Special Education Fund.

The District operates one major enterprise fund, the Food Service Fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the District's food service programs.

The District reports its Employee Benefit Trust fund in the fiduciary fund. The benefit trust fund is used to fund and pay for retiree benefits.

The District also has the following non-major funds:

- Special Revenue Trust
- Community Service Fund
- Debt Service Fund
- Capital Projects Fund
- Student Activity Events

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

The district-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures when paid. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general longterm debt and acquisitions under financed purchases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

Charges for services provided to other educational agencies and private parties are recognized as revenue when services are provided. Charges for special education services are not reduced by anticipated state special aid entitlements.

Interest income on temporary investments is recognized in the fiscal period earned.

F. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

All funds share common (pooled) checking and investment accounts unless regulations require separate investment accounts.

State statutes permit the District to invest available cash balances, other than debt service funds, in time deposits of authorized depositories, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency issues, high-grade commercial paper, and the local government pooled-investment fund administered by the state investment board. Available balances in the debt service fund may be invested in municipal obligations, obligations of the United States, and the local government pooled-investment fund.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Determination of fair value for investment in the state treasurer's investment pool is based on information provided by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. See footnote 3 for additional information.

G. Receivables

Taxes

The aggregate District tax levy is apportioned and certified in November of the current fiscal year for the collection to comprising municipalities based on the immediate past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. As permitted by a collecting municipality's ordinance, taxes may be paid in full or two or more installments with the first installment payable the subsequent January 31, and the final payment no later than the following July 31. On or before January 15, and by the 20th of each subsequent month thereafter, the District is paid by the collecting municipalities proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. On or before August 20, the County Treasurer makes full settlement to the District for any remaining balance. The County assumes all responsibility for delinquent real property taxes.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period for which the taxes are levied. All property taxes are considered due on January 1, when an enforceable lien is assessed against the property and the taxpayer is liable for the taxes. All taxes are collected within 60 days of June 30 and are available to pay current liabilities.

Interfunds

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for internal receivables and payables represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities, business-type activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for these internal balances within the same fund type. Residual internal balances between governmental and business-type activities are further eliminated in the total primary government column.

G. Receivables (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

All accounts receivable are shown as gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance is not material.

H. Other Assets

Inventories are valued at cost using the FIFO (first-in/first-out) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond June 30.

A reserve for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) have been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures, except in cases where inventories are offset by deferred inflows.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to 1992. For assets acquired prior to 1992, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by an independent third-party professional appraisal firm, are used. Donated assets are reported at estimated acquisition value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar valued above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the district-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	\$ 5,000	Straight-line	50 years
Building improvements	5,000	Straight-line	20 years
Site improvements	5,000	Straight-line	10-25 years
Computer and related technology	5,000	Straight-line	5-20 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	5-10 years
Library books	5,000	Straight line	5 years

J. Other Obligations

Accrued Vacation Benefits

Liabilities and the related expenses for vacation benefits are recognized when earned.

Sick Leave Benefits

Sick leave days accumulated up to 110 days do not vest and are recognized as expenses when paid. Teachers who accumulate sick leave days in excess of 110 days are compensated for the excess days in December of each year. The liability for days in excess of 110 days is accrued on the fund financial statements. Administrators are paid at retirement, a onetime payment for unused sick leave up to the number of days and at a rate agreed to in the administrator's contract. The current value of sick days payable upon retirement is \$30,452.

Vested Employee Benefits

Teachers, administrators and support staff, who have met age and years of service requirements, may elect retirement. The District pays the cost of health and long-term care insurance for a maximum of four to eight years, or Medicare eligibility, if earlier. A retirement stipend based on number of years of service is paid to administrators. The District funds this on a pay as you go basis.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligations (NOPEBO)

For purposes of measuring the NOPEBO, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. See Note 10 for additional information.

K. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

L. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement for those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

N. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balance is presented in five possible categories:

Nonspendable – resources which cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or; b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – resources with constraints placed on the use of resources are either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – resources which are subject to limitation the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned – resources neither restricted nor committed for which a government has a stated intended use as established by the District Board or a body or official of which the District Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – resources which cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Unassigned balances also include negative balances in the governmental funds reporting resources restricted for specific programs.

When restricted and other fund balance resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts, respectively.

O. Change in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2021, the District adopted GASB statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB 87 replaces previous lease accounting methodology and establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundation principle that leases are a financing right to use an underlying asset. GASB No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for lessee agreements and lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for lessor agreements. Upon implementation of this standard, the District recognized its previous capital leases as financed purchases.

2. Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used on the government fund statements and district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories:

- Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.
- 2) Capital related differences include the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.
- 3) Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

3. Cash and Investments

The debt service funds account for their transactions through separate and distinct bank and investment accounts as required by State Statutes. In addition, the trust fund uses separate and distinct accounts. All other funds share in common bank and investment accounts.

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following: time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local governmental investment pool.

The carrying amount of the District's cash and investments, including the separate accounts noted above, totaled \$16,873,234 on June 30, 2022 as summarized below:

	Carrying		Associated		
Depository:	Amount		Amount		Risk
Deposits with financial institutions	\$	2,840,698	Custodial credit risk		
Petty cash funds		8,663	None		
LGIP		14,023,873	Credit risk, interest rate risk		
Total June 30, 2022	\$	16,873,234			

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the statements is as follows:

Basic financial statements	
Cash and investments	\$ 11,883,098
Restricted cash and investments:	
Capital projects	791,305
Debt service	971,315
Fiduciary funds	
Employee-Benefit trust	 3,227,516
Total	\$ 16,873,234

Restricted cash in the amount of \$971,268 in the Debt Service fund and \$791,305 in Capital Projects fund include amounts set aside for future payment of G.O. debt and capital projects. The restricted cash to pay for this future requirement is offset in the restricted fund balance of the respected funds.

3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. All investments are valued at amortized cost by the SIF for purposes of calculating earnings to each participant. Specifically, the SIF distributes income to pool participants monthly, based on their average daily share balance. Distributions include interest income based on stated rates (both paid and accrued), amortization of discounts and premiums on a straight-line basis, realized investment gains and losses calculated on an amortized cost basis, and investment expenses. This method does not distribute to participants any unrealized gains or losses generated by the pool's investments. Detailed information about the SIF is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://doa.wi.gov/Pages/StateFinances/LGIP.aspx. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At June 30, 2022, the fair value of the District's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the carrying value. Information on derivatives was not available to the District.

SWIB may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies, Commercial Paper, Bank Time Deposits/Certificates of Deposit, Bankers' Acceptances, Asset Backed Securities and Repurchase Agreements secured by the U.S. Government or its agencies and other instruments authorized under State Investment Fund Investment guidelines.

Investment allocation in the local government investment pool as of June 30, 2022 was: 95% in U.S. Government Securities, 4% in Commercial Paper and Corporate Notes, and 1% in Certificates of Deposit, Bankers' Acceptances and Time Deposits. The Wisconsin State Treasurer updates the investment allocations on a monthly basis.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater sensitivity its fair value has to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity. The LGIP investments have an average maturity of 23 days.

		Less than 6	6 Months to 1	1 Year to 3
Investment Type	Fair Value	Months	Year	Years
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 14,023,873	\$ 14,023,873	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ 14,023,873	\$ 14,023,873	\$ -	\$ -

3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of June 30, 2022, the District's investment in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool was not rated.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District would not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, the District would not be able to recover the value of its investment of collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The District does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

Deposits in banks are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for demand accounts and \$250,000 for time and savings accounts. Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. Due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relationship to the total deposits covered and other legal implications, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities.

As of June 30, 2022, \$2,129,911 of the District's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Collateralized in the District's Name	\$ 1,574,863
Insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund	400,000
Uninsured and uncollateralized	 155,048
	\$ 2,129,911

Fluctuating cash flows during the year due to tax collections, receipt of state aids and proceeds from borrowing may have resulted in temporary balances during the year exceeding uninsured amounts at the balance sheet date.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF MILTON Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

4. Capital Assets

	Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance 6/30/2022
Governmental Activities				
Construction in progress	\$ 44,911,231	\$ 4,645,724	\$ (7,901,735)	\$ 41,655,220
Land and land improvements	4,669,209	259,771	-	4,928,980
Buildings and building improvements	59,378,015	8,651,485	-	68,029,500
Furniture and equipment	7,600,829	300,132	(44,700)	7,856,261
Total Government Activities	116,559,284	13,857,112	(7,946,435)	122,469,961
Less Accumulated Depreciation			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Land improvements	(1,734,005)	(162,603)	-	(1,896,608)
Buildings and building improvements	(27,396,529)	(1,547,635)	-	(28,944,164)
Furniture and equipment	(3,484,387)	(695,587)	40,230	(4,139,744)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(32,614,921)	(2,405,825)	40,230	(34,980,516)
Net Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 83,944,363	\$ 11,451,287	\$ (7,906,205)	\$ 87,489,445
Business-Type Activities				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 138,479	\$ -	\$-	\$ 138,479
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(122,359)	(722)		(123,081)
Net Business-Type Capital Assets	\$ 16,120	\$ (722)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 15,398

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Regular instruction	\$ 532,109
General administration services	79,850
Operations and maintenance of facilities	14,832
Pupil transportation	20,441
Depreciation not charged to a specific function	 1,758,593
Total Depreciation for Governmental Activities	\$ 2,405,825

5. Short-term Obligation

The District has one taxable revolving line of credit with a limit of \$1.9 million with interest at 2.49% and one taxable tax and revenue anticipation promissory note in an amount of \$1.4 million with interest of 2.00%. The short-term borrowings mature on November 1, 2022 and September 28, 2022, respectively. Short-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Removals	Balance 6/30/2022
Tax and Revenue Anticipation Promissory Note	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ (2,400,000)	\$ 1,400,000
Line of Credit		1,400,000	(1,400,000)	-
Total	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 2,800,000	\$ (3,800,000)	\$ 1,400,000

Interest accrued on draws against the tax and revenue anticipation promissory note totaled \$19,868.

6. Financed Purchases

The District is obligated under certain leases that meet the criteria to be accounted for as financed purchases. Equipment capitalized with leases has an original cost of \$2,466,109 and accumulated depreciation of \$760,646.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2023	\$ 613,559
2024	613,559
2025	 590,512
Total minimum lease payments	 1,817,630
Less: Amount representing interest	 (3,468)
Present Value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 1,814,162

7. Long-term Obligations

Long-term obligations of the District are as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2021	Issued	Retired	Balance 6/30/2022	Amount Due Within One Year
General obligation debt	• • • • • • • • • • • •		.		*
Bonds payable	\$ 54,615,000	\$ -	\$ 2,030,000	\$ 52,585,000	\$ 2,325,000
Total GO Debt	54,615,000		2,030,000	52,585,000	2,325,000
Premium on debt	3,690,436	-	205,024	3,485,412	205,024
Financed purchases	2,424,370	-	610,208	1,814,162	611,267
Termination benefits	30,263	189		30,452	-
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 60,760,069	\$ 189	\$ 2,845,232	\$ 57,915,026	\$ 3,141,291

The termination benefits liability attributed to governmental activities are typically being liquidated in the general fund.

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the District. General obligation debt at June 30, 2022 is comprised of the following individual issues:

	Issue	Interest	Date of		Α	mount Due
Description	Date	Rate	Maturity	Balance	Wit	hin One Year
GO Refunding Bonds	7/31/2019	3%-5%	3/1/2039	\$ 52,585,000	\$	2,325,000
Total General Obligation Debt				\$ 52,585,000	\$	2,325,000

7. Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Aggregate cash flow requirements for the retirement of long-term principal and interest as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 2,325,000	\$ 1,937,650	\$ 4,262,650
2024	2,270,000	1,821,400	4,091,400
2025	2,390,000	1,707,900	4,097,900
2026	2,510,000	1,588,400	4,098,400
2027	2,640,000	1,462,900	4,102,900
2028-2032	14,965,000	5,504,100	20,469,100
2033-2037	17,650,000	2,795,550	20,445,550
2038-2039	7,835,000	354,300	8,189,300
Totals	\$ 52,585,000	\$17,172,200	\$ 69,757,200

Debt Limit

The 2021 equalized valuation of the District as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$2,370,271,325. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of June 30, 2022, in accordance with \$67.03(1) (b) of the Wisconsin statutes follows:

Debt Limit (10% of \$2,370,271,325)	\$237,027,133
Deduct long-term debt applicable to debt margin	52,585,000
Margin of indebtedness	\$ 184,442,133

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <u>https://</u>etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuariallyreduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
Year	(%)	(%)
2012	(7.0)	(7.0)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$1,545,438 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2022 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers,		
executives and elected officials)	6.50%	6.50%
Protective with Social Security	6.50%	12.00%
Protective without Social Security	6.50%	16.40%

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported an asset of \$10,680,191 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the District's proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension revenue of \$949,552.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17,253,310	\$	(1,244,149)
Changes of assumptions		1,992,558		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(23,892,478)
Changes in proportion and difference between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		21,504		(43,890)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		885,161		
Total	\$	20,152,533	\$	(25,180,517)

\$855,161 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows	
		(Inflows)
Year Ended June 30:	0	f Resources
2023	\$	(516,827)
2024		(2,903,229)
2025		(1,275,104)
2026		(1,217,985)
2027		-
Total	\$	(5,913,145)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset):	December 31, 2021
	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020
Experience Study:	Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Wage Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-Retirement Adjustments*	1.7%*

* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2021

		Long-Term	Long-Term
		Expected Nominal	Expected Real
Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Rate of Return %	Rate of Return %
Global Equities	52	6.8	4.2
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	2.7	0.2
Real Estate	7	5.6	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7.0
Total Core Fund	115	6.6	4.0
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70	6.3	3.7
International Equities	30	7.2	4.6
Total Variable Fund	100	6.8	4.2

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5% Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the Total Pension Liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixedincome municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease to			19	% Increase to
	Di	scount Rate (5.80%)		rrent Discount Rate (6.80%)	D	viscount Rate (7.80%)
District's proportionate share of the			-			
net pension liability (asset)	\$	7,578,353	\$	(10,680,191)	\$	(23,822,947)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <u>https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</u>.

Allocation of Pension Plan. Pension amounts are allocated between the Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities based on the percentage of required contributions of each opinion unit.

9. Supplemental Pension (Stipend) Benefit

At June 30, 2022, The District's total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Plan Description. The District provides Administrators with a stipend benefit – based upon their exit salary as well as years of service in the District – at the time of their retirement. Since retirees receive a pension benefit from the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS), these post-employment pension benefits (stipend and cash in lieu payments) are supplemental to the WRS benefit and therefore, we refer to them as a supplemental pension benefit. The supplemental pension plan description is identified below:

Teachers with a minimum of 15 years of service in the District of Milton who is eligible for WRS shall receive a cash in lieu (of OPEB) payments. Eligible retirees waiving coverage in the District's group medical plans will receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 4 years.

Administrators with a minimum of 10 years of service in the School District of Milton who retire at the age of 55 years or older shall receive a retirement stipend in the amount equal to 60% of their exit salary. The total stipend amount will be paid out equally over a period of 4 years. Additionally, eligible retirees who waive the coverage in the District's group medical plans will instead receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 6 years.

District Administrator with a minimum of 5 years of service in the School District of Milton who retire at the age of 55 years or older shall receive a retirement stipend based on the following scale and the exit salary compensation will be divided into four (4) equal installments and distributed to the retired Administrator in four (4) annual payments. Additionally, eligible retirees who waive the coverage in the District's group medical plans will instead receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 6 years.

Years of Service	Amount of Stipend
At least 5 but less than 6 years	35% of Administrators exit salary
At least 6 but less than 7 years	40% of Administrators exit salary
At least 7 but less than 8 years	45% of Administrators exit salary
At least 8 but less than 9 years	50% of Administrators exit salary
At least 9 but less than 10 years	55% of Administrators exit salary
At least 10 years	60% of Administrators exit salary

Supervisors with a minimum of 10 years of service in the District of Milton who retire at the age of 55 years or older shall receive a cash in lieu (of OPEB) payments. Eligible retirees waiving coverage in the District's group medical plans will receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 6 years.

Support Staff with a minimum of 15 years of service in the District of Milton who retire at the age of 55 years or older shall receive a cash in lieu (of OPEB) payments. Eligible retirees waiving coverage in the District's group medical plans will receive an annual cash benefit of \$2,375 in lieu of such participation for a period of 4 years.

9. Supplemental Pension (Stipend) Benefit (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. Employees participating in the supplemental pension (stipend) benefit consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	11
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	103
	114

Funding Policy and Progress. This is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no invested plan assets accumulated for payment of future benefits. The general fund is used for funding of all pension/retirement benefits. The employer makes all contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized a supplemental pension expense of \$60,949.

Total Supplemental Pension Liability:	
Beginning Balance	\$ 544,119
Changes for the Year	
Service Cost	53,610
Interest	12,249
Changes of Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	20,032
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	-
Benefit Payments	(53,063)
Net Changes	32,828
Ending Balance	\$ 576,947

9. Supplemental Pension (Stipend) Benefit (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the supplemental pension benefit plan from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of	-	Deferred nflows of
Gain / Loss	R	esources		lesources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	59,827	\$	(49,892)
Changes of assumptions or other input		35,437		(54,688)
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		54,721		-
Total	\$	149,985	\$	(104,580)

\$54,721 reported as deferred outflows related to the supplemental pension benefit resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net supplemental pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the supplemental pension benefit will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	
2023	\$	(4,910)
2024		(4,910)
2025		(4,910)
2026		(4,910)
2027		(4,910)
Thereafter		15,234
	\$	(9,316)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date of Total Pension Liability	June 30, 2021
Discount Rate:	2.25% - based upon all years of projected payments discounted at a municipal bond rate of 2.25%.

Mortality assumptions are based upon Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale (multiplied 60%).

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-17.

9. Supplemental Pension (Stipend) Benefit (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.25% (based upon all years of projected payments discounted at a municipal bond rate of 2.25%) was used in this valuation in calculating the supplemental pension liability. It was assumed that the District would continue to fund its retiree benefits out of its general fund assets on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Sensitivity of the District's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.25 percent, as well as what the District's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to	Current	1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(1.25%)	(2.25%)	(3.25%)
Total Supplemental Pension Liability	\$609,876	\$576,947	\$545,164

10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

At June 30, 2022, the District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Plan Description. The District provides post-retirement benefits for certain employees for current and future health and life insurance benefit expenses through a single-employer defined benefit plan. A biannual actuarial valuation is made to determine whether the contributions are sufficient to meet the plan obligations. The last actuarial valuation was made June 30, 2021. The post-retirement plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports.

Funding Policy. The District established the School District of Milton Post-Employment Benefits Trust in order to accumulate funds and finance the costs of OPEB.

Benefits Provided. For the School District of Milton, the OPEB liability consists of several interdependent pieces arising from the rules of the plan. The amounts paid by the District for continued health care for all classification that are entitled to a benefit are briefly outlined below:

Administrators: At least age 55 with a minimum of 10 years of service

The District will make the same health insurance premium contribution on behalf of the retiree as is made on behalf of active Administrators (currently an 87.4% medical contribution) for a period of 6 years. If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carve-out' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

District Administrators as of November 1, 2019: At least age 55 with a minimum of 5 years of service

The Board shall contribute the dollar amount equal to 87.4% of the retired Administrator's single or family health premium based on the following scale:

Years of Service	Duration of Medical Benefit
	(commencing with the first month
	following retirement)
At least 5 but less than 6 years	3.5 years
At least 6 but less than 7 years	4 years
At least 7 but less than 8 years	4.5 years
At least 8 but less than 9 years	5 years
At least 9 but less than 10 years	5.5 years
At least 10 years	6 years

If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carveout' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

Teachers: Eligible for WRS with a minimum of 15 years of service

The District will make the same health insurance premium contribution on behalf of the retiree as is made on behalf of active Teachers (currently an 87.4% health insurance premium contribution). The District's contributions will remain frozen at these amounts for a period of 4 years. If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carve-out' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

Supervisors: At least age 55 with a minimum of 10 years of service

The District will make the same health insurance premium contribution on behalf of the retiree as is made on behalf of active Supervisors (currently an 87.4% medical contribution) for a period of 6 years. If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carve-out' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

Support Staff: At least age 55 with a minimum of 15 years of service

The District will make the same health insurance premium contribution on behalf of the retiree as is made on behalf of active Support Staff (currently a 94% health insurance premium contribution). The District's contributions will remain frozen at these amounts for a period of 4 years. If a retiree becomes Medicare-eligible prior to the exhaustion of their benefit, a Medicare 'carve-out' plan will be instituted in lieu of regular coverage.

All Retirees Participating in the District's Group Medical Plan (Inclusive of COBRA Participants): Upon retirement

From 7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014 the District implemented a Section 105 Health Reimbursement Arrangement wherein a portion of the prescription drug copay expenses and office visits are covered by the HRA through a TPA. While there is no individual cap, the District has a total dollar cap per plan year.

Effective 7/1/2014, the above benefit ended and the District implemented a HRA Benefit for reimbursement of a portion of the medical plan deductible, which is applicable to retirees for reimbursable expenses. It is assumed that the District will provide reimbursement for up to \$1,900 for those retirees with single coverage and \$3,800 for those retirees with family coverage.

Notes: This benefit is available for active employees as well as retirees participating in the District's Group Medical Plan. COBRA participants must pay an additional cost to receive the HRA deductible reimbursements. Retirees may be reimbursed for prescription medication through the HRA for Tier 2 and Tier 3 levels but only up to 50% for each tier. Unused HRA funds are forfeited each year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. Employees participating in the OPEB benefit consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	29
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	406
	435

Net OPEB Liability. The District's net OPEB liability of \$9,574,173 was measured at June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The net OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.00 percent
Salary increases	3.00 percent, average, including inflation
Discount rate	2.25 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.5% decreasing by 0.10% per year down to 5.00%, and level thereafter

Mortality assumptions were based on Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale (multiplied 60%).

The actuarial assumptions were based on an experience study conducted in 2018 using the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-17.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total net OPEB liability was 2.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the net OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return is equal to the discount rate.

The discount rate is based upon all years of projected payments discounted at a 2.25% long-term expected rate of return. This rate is equivalent to the Bond Buyer GO 20-year AA Bond Index published by the Federal Reserve as of the week of the measurement date.

Assets Allocation. The current assets allocation of the District's OPEB plan's asset classes as of June 30, 2022 was as follows:

- 53% deposited in Financial Institution earning an interest rate of 0.5%
- 47% invested in LGIP, the average interest for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 0.98%

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability.

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total OPEB	Net OPEB			
	Liability	Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)		
Balance at 6/30/2020	\$ 14,520,565	\$ 2,780,455	\$ 11,740,110		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	1,327,253	-	1,327,253		
Interest	336,379	-	336,379		
Changes of benefit terms	(1,239,739)	-	(1,239,739)		
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,537,991)	-	(1,537,991)		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(186,306)	-	(186,306)		
Contributions - employer	-	856,424	(856,424)		
Net investment income	-	9,109	(9,109)		
Benefit payments	(468,039)	(468,039)			
Net Changes	(1,768,443)	397,494	(2,165,937)		
Balance at 6/30/2021	\$ 12,752,122	\$ 3,177,949	\$ 9,574,173		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.25 percent) than the current discount rate:

				Current		
	1	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		1.25%		2.25%		3.25%
Net OPEB Liability	\$	10,441,336	\$	9,574,173	\$	8,744,291

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following represents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.5 percent, then decreasing to 4.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5 percent, then decreasing to 6.0 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Hea	althcare Cost		
19	6 Decrease	Т	rend Rates	1	% Increase
(5.5	% decreasing	(6.5%	6 decreasing to	(7.5	% decreasing
	to 4.0%)		5.0%)		to 6.0%)
\$	8,343,636	\$	9,574,173	\$	11,010,794
	(5.5	1% Decrease (5.5% decreasing to 4.0%) \$ 8,343,636	1% Decrease T (5.5% decreasing to 4.0%) (6.5%	(5.5% decreasing to to 4.0%) (6.5% decreasing to 5.0%)	1% Decrease Trend Rates 1 (5.5% decreasing to 4.0%) (6.5% decreasing to 7.5%) (7.5%)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$207,705. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
Gain / Loss	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experiences	\$ 41,155	\$ (3,111,010)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,267,265	(325,617)
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	125,010	-
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	499,008	-
Total	\$ 1,932,438	\$ (3,436,627)

\$499,008 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (159,996)
2024	(173,434)
2025	(185,609)
2026	(199,263)
2027	(210,828)
Thereafter	 (1,074,067)
	\$ (2,003,197)

11. Interfund Activities

Due to/Due from Other Funds

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances on June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Due To	Due To Due From		Amount	Purpose
General Fund General Fund Capital Projects Fund Community Service Fund	Employee Benefit Trust Capital Projects Fund General Fund Employee Benefit Trust	\$	443 24,878 875,562 2	OPEB Contribution Capital Projects Transfer for Capital Improvement OPEB Contribution
General Fund Food Service Total Fund Financial Statements	Community Service Fund Employee Benefit Trust		4,723 10 905,618	Negative Cash OPEB Contribution
Less: Fund Eliminations Total District-Wide Statement of Net	Position - Due to Fiduciary Funds	\$	(905,165) 453	

Transfers

The District had the following interfund transfers:

Receiving	Paying		
Fund	Fund	 Amount	Purpose
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$ 875,562	Capital Improvement Trust Fund Transfer
Total Governmental Activities		 875,562	
Employee Benefit Trust	Food Service	 10,903	OPEB Contribution
Total Business-type Activities		 10,903	
Less: Fund Eliminations		(875,562)	
Total District-Wide Statement of A	ctivities	\$ 10,903	

On the district-wide Statement of Activities, a transfer of \$10,903 was recorded to show the amount paid by the food service fund to the Employee Benefit Trust so that it is reflected in the business-type activities.

12. Fund Balances

The following is a detailed schedule of ending fund balances as reported in the fund financial statements by category:

	General Fund	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Community Service Fund	Special Revenue Trust	Total
Fund balances:	General I und	Debt Service	110jeets	1 unu	11431	10001
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids	\$ 93,556	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 9,681	\$ 103,237
Restricted for:	. ,	·			. ,	. ,
Unspent Common School Fund	1,887	-	-	-	-	1,887
Get Kids Ahead Initiative	56,068	-	-		-	56,068
Debt Service Retirement	-	971,315	-	-	-	971,315
Capital Projects	-	-	1,415,088	-	-	1,415,088
CTE Grant	48,104	-	-	-	-	48,104
Committed for:						
Applied Fund Balance	463,467	-	-	-	-	463,467
Assigned for:						
Programs	-	-	-	115,642	227,562	343,204
Unassigned	9,452,031	-				9,452,031
Total Fund Balances	\$ 10,115,113	\$ 971,315	\$ 1,415,088	\$ 115,642	\$237,243	\$12,854,401

13. Limitation on School District Revenues

Wisconsin statutes limit the amount of revenues school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum.

This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by a referendum prior to August 12, 1993.
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993.

14. Contingencies

The District is exposed to the risk of loss in several areas, including personal injury, wrongful actions, and fire and other casualties. Management has chosen to obtain insurance covering such losses in amounts believed to be sufficient to eliminate the possibility of a material loss in excess of insurance coverage.

15. Subsequent Events

Subsequent Borrowing

In September 2022, the District adopted a resolution authorizing a taxable tax and revenue anticipation promissory note for cash flow purposes in the amount not to exceed \$1,900,000 and approved the temporary borrowing in the amount not to exceed \$1,900,000 at an interest rate of 4.19%.

16. Construction Commitments

On April 2, 2019, the voters in the District approved a \$59.9 million-dollar referendum for additions and renovations to nearly every school. As of June 30, 2022, the District's facilities were undergoing remodeling and upgrades as approved by the referendum. The District has the following contract commitments related to construction projects:

		Expenditures	Estimated	Ŀ
	Estimated	through	Remainin	g
	Total Contract	June 30, 2022	Commitme	ent
High School Referendum Projects Construction	\$ 37,160,510	\$ 37,109,706	\$ 50,8	04
Referendum Project Management Fee	585,000	526,064	58,9	36
	\$ 37,745,510	\$ 37,635,770	\$ 109,7	40

17. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has adopted GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021, and GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. When these become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	F	or the Year Ended Jun	ne 30, 2022		
REVENUES Image: constraint of the state in				Actual	Positive
$\begin{array}{l c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Original	Final		
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$		14.202.000	¢ 14 202 000	14202 000	¢
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Intermediate Sources 26,782,230 26,821,171 26,282,836 106,865 Pederal Sources 26,782,230 26,821,171 26,2742 (8,458) Other Sources 71,200 71,204 2,718,969 284,245 Other Sources 45,514,394 47,213,128 47,597,560 384,432 EXPENDITURES Instruction 16,670,373 17,554,287 17,295,411 258,876 Vocational Instruction 1,295,608 1,296,604 1,317,044 (21,004) Special Instruction 2,019,512 2,008,605 1,949,129 59,476 Total Instruction 20,0505,175 21,386,397 21,064,816 321,581 Support Services 1,183,564 1,200,693 1,180,219 20,474 Instructional Staff Services 1,862,787 2,237,114 2,033,36 213,778 General Administration Services 714,081 735,205 713,700 21,445 Operations and Mainterance 3,657,110 3,612,943 3,550,502 62,441 Pupil Services 1,225,224 654,860 654,857 3 3 Total De					
State Sources 26,782,230 26,821,171 26,928,036 106,865 Federal Sources 680,747 2,434,724 2,718,969 284,245 Total Revenues 45,314,394 47,213,128 47,597,560 384,432 EXPENDITURES Instruction 16,670,373 17,554,287 17,295,411 258,876 Vocational Instruction 12,956,068 1,296,040 1,317,044 (21,004) Special Instruction 2,019,512 2,008,605 1,949,129 59,476 Total Instruction 20,195,112 2,008,605 1,949,129 59,476 Support Services: 1,183,564 1,200,693 1,180,219 20,474 Instructional Staff Services 1,62,787 2,237,114 2,003,336 213,778 Business Services 712,067 714,081 73,52,05 713,760 21,445 Operations and Maintenance 3,657,110 3,612,943 3,550,502 62,441 Pupil Transportation 1,505,001 1,433,612 339,000 4,612 Other Support Services <t< td=""><td></td><td>2,902,060</td><td>2,999,747</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		2,902,060	2,999,747		
Federal Sources 680,747 $2.434,724$ $2.718,969$ $284,245$ Other Sources 71,200 71,200 $62,742$ (8,458) Total Revenues $45,314,394$ $47,213,128$ $47,597,560$ $384,432$ EXPENDITURES Instruction $16,670,373$ $17,554,287$ $17,295,411$ $258,876$ Vocational Instruction $2.095,512$ $2.008,605$ $1.949,129$ $59,476$ Other Instruction $2.019,512$ $2.008,605$ $1.949,129$ $59,476$ Total Instruction $20,955,175$ $21,386,397$ $21,064,816$ $321,581$ Support Services $1,183,564$ $1,200,693$ $1,180,219$ $20,474$ Instructional Staff Services $714,081$ $735,205$ $703,776$ $21,445$ Operations and Mainistration Services $714,081$ $735,205$ $713,760$ $21,445$ Operations and Maintenance $3,657,110$ $3,612,943$ $3,550,502$ $62,441$ Pupil Tempsortation $1,505,001$ $1,433,462,29$ $17,436,429$ $17,413$ Operations and Maintenance $36,57,110$ $3,612,343,612$		-	-		
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Capital Outlay $766,777$ $1,593,642$ $1,582,775$ $10,867$ Purchased and Non-Program Services $4,140,306$ $4,114,000$ $4,205,679$ $(91,679)$ Total Expenditures $40,322,784$ $42,221,518$ $41,481,346$ $740,172$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over $4,991,610$ $4,991,610$ $6,116,214$ $1,124,604$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $(4,355,825)$ $(4,355,825)$ $(4,088,340)$ $267,485$ Transfer to Special Education Fund $(635,785)$ $(635,785)$ $(875,562)$ $(239,777)$ Total Other Financing Sources and Uses $(4,991,610)$ $(4,991,610)$ $(4,963,902)$ $27,708$ Net Change in Fund Balance $1,152,312$ $1,152,312$ Fund Balance - Beginning $8,962,801$ $8,962,801$ $8,962,801$ -	Principal and Interest		654,860	654,857	3
Purchased and Non-Program Services $4,140,306$ $4,114,000$ $4,205,679$ $(91,679)$ Total Expenditures $40,322,784$ $42,221,518$ $41,481,346$ $740,172$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over $4,991,610$ $4,991,610$ $6,116,214$ $1,124,604$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfer to Special Education Fund $(4,355,825)$ $(4,355,825)$ $(4,088,340)$ $267,485$ Transfer to Other Funds $(635,785)$ $(635,785)$ $(875,562)$ $(239,777)$ Total Other Financing Sources and Uses $(4,991,610)$ $(4,991,610)$ $(4,963,902)$ $27,708$ Net Change in Fund Balance1,152,3121,152,312Fund Balance - Beginning $8,962,801$ $8,962,801$ $8,962,801$ -	Total Debt Service	732,524	654,860	654,857	3
Total Expenditures 40,322,784 42,221,518 41,481,346 740,172 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over 4,991,610 4,991,610 6,116,214 1,124,604 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,485,825 (4,355,825) (4,088,340) 267,485 Transfer to Special Education Fund (635,785) (635,785) (875,562) (239,777) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (4,991,610) (4,991,610) (4,963,902) 27,708 Net Change in Fund Balance - - 1,152,312 1,152,312 Fund Balance - Beginning 8,962,801 8,962,801 8,962,801 -	Capital Outlay	766,777	1,593,642	1,582,775	10,867
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over 4,991,610 4,991,610 6,116,214 1,124,604 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,124,604 1,124,604 1,124,604 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (4,355,825) (4,355,825) (4,088,340) 267,485 Transfer to Special Education Fund (4,355,825) (635,785) (635,785) (239,777) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (4,991,610) (4,991,610) (4,963,902) 27,708 Net Change in Fund Balance - - 1,152,312 1,152,312 Fund Balance - Beginning 8,962,801 8,962,801 8,962,801 -	Purchased and Non-Program Services	4,140,306	4,114,000	4,205,679	(91,679)
Expenditures 4,991,610 4,991,610 6,116,214 1,124,604 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (4,355,825) (4,355,825) (4,088,340) 267,485 Transfer to Special Education Fund (4,355,825) (4,355,825) (4,088,340) 267,485 Transfer to Other Funds (635,785) (635,785) (875,562) (239,777) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (4,991,610) (4,991,610) (4,963,902) 27,708 Net Change in Fund Balance - - 1,152,312 1,152,312 1,152,312 Fund Balance - Beginning 8,962,801 8,962,801 8,962,801 - -		40,322,784	42,221,518	41,481,346	740,172
Transfer to Special Education Fund (4,355,825) (4,088,340) 267,485 Transfer to Other Funds (635,785) (635,785) (875,562) (239,777) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (4,991,610) (4,991,610) (4,963,902) 27,708 Net Change in Fund Balance - - 1,152,312 1,152,312 Fund Balance - Beginning 8,962,801 8,962,801 8,962,801 -		4,991,610	4,991,610	6,116,214	1,124,604
Transfer to Special Education Fund (4,355,825) (4,088,340) 267,485 Transfer to Other Funds (635,785) (635,785) (875,562) (239,777) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (4,991,610) (4,991,610) (4,963,902) 27,708 Net Change in Fund Balance - - 1,152,312 1,152,312 Fund Balance - Beginning 8,962,801 8,962,801 8,962,801 -	OTHED EINANCINC SOUDCES (USES)				
Transfer to Other Funds (635,785) (635,785) (875,562) (239,777) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (4,991,610) (4,991,610) (4,963,902) 27,708 Net Change in Fund Balance - - 1,152,312 1,152,312 Fund Balance - Beginning 8,962,801 8,962,801 8,962,801 -		(1 355 875)	(4 355 825)	(4 088 340)	267 185
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (4,991,610) (4,991,610) (4,963,902) 27,708 Net Change in Fund Balance - - 1,152,312 1,152,312 Fund Balance - Beginning 8,962,801 8,962,801 8,962,801 -					
Net Change in Fund Balance - 1,152,312 1,152,312 Fund Balance - Beginning 8,962,801 8,962,801 8,962,801 -					
Fund Balance - Beginning 8,962,801 8,962,801 -	Town other I manening bouroos and obto	(1,551,610)	(1,771,010)	(1,905,902)	21,100
		-	-		1,152,312
Fund Balance - Ending $\$$ 8,962,801 $\$$ 8,962,801 $\$$ 10,115,113 $\$$ 1,152,312					-
	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 8,962,801	\$ 8,962,801	\$ 10,115,113	\$ 1,152,312

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Special Education Fund - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Dudgetee	d Amounto	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Interdistrict State Federal	\$ - 1,540,000 801,294	\$ - 1,594,320 1,158,329	\$ 3,475 1,649,082 915,929	\$ 3,475 54,762 (242,400)
Total Revenues	2,341,294	2,752,649	2,568,486	(184,163)
EXPENDITURES Instruction Special Instruction Total Instruction	<u>4,877,973</u> <u>4,877,973</u>	5,066,160 5,066,160	4,724,452	<u>341,708</u> 341,708
Support Services Pupil Services Instructional Staff Services Business Services Operations and Maintenance Pupil Transportation Central Services Total Support Services	890,731 304,990 8,000 375 456,050 7,000 1,667,146	905,171 326,209 8,000 569 460,378 13,790 1,714,117	901,495 299,952 9,738 193 415,750 8,347 1,635,475	3,676 26,257 (1,738) 376 44,628 5,443 78,642
Capital Outlay Non-Program Services	152,000	102,044 226,153	102,044 194,855	31,298
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	6,697,119 (4,355,825)	7,108,474	6,656,826 (4,088,340)	451,648
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from General Fund	4,355,825	4,355,825	4,088,340	(267,485)
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	- - \$ -	- - \$ -	- - \$ -	- - \$ -

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A) Sources/Inflows of Resources:	G	eneral Fund	Special Education Fund		
Actual amounts "total revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedules	\$	47,597,560	\$	2,568,486	
Reclassification: Special education fund revenues are reclassified to the general fund, required for GAAP reporting		2,568,486		(2,568,486)	
The general fund revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	50,166,046	\$		
 B) Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts "total expenditures" 		General Fund	Spe	cial Education Fund	
from the budgetary comparison schedules	\$	41,481,346	\$	6,656,826	
Reclassification: Special education fund expenditures are reclassified to the general fund, required for GAAP reporting		6,656,826		(6,656,826)	
The general fund expenditures as reported on the statement					

District Net OPEB Liability Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios as of the Measurement Date

		2021		2020		2019	2018		2017		2016
Total OPEB Liability											
Service costs	\$	1,327,253	\$ 1	,080,587	\$	1,086,076	\$ 1,127,086	\$	895,916	\$	895,916
Interest		336,379		440,481		513,091	454,932		364,044		358,710
Changes of benefit terms	((1,239,739)		-		(6,211)	-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience	((1,537,991)		-		(2,268,245)	-		70,550		-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(186,306)	1	,188,399		135,842	(232,257)		300,085		-
Benefit payments		(468,039)		(467,563)		(642,554)	(647,254)		(1,118,553)	(1,035,132)
Net change in total OPEB	((1,768,443)	2	2,241,904		(1,182,001)	 702,507		512,042		219,494
Total OPEB Liability-Beginning	1	4,520,565	12	2,278,661		13,460,662	12,758,155	1	12,246,113	1	2,026,619
Total OPEB Liability-Ending (a)	\$ 1	2,752,122	\$ 14	1,520,565	\$	12,278,661	\$ 13,460,662	\$ 1	12,758,155	\$ 1	2,246,113
Fiduciary Net Position											
Contributions - employer	\$	856,424	\$	496,238	\$	846,354	\$ 1,037,011	\$	1,097,980	\$	1,096,681
Net investment income		9,109		27,582		36,105	17,971		8,068		4,466
Benefit payments		(468,039)		(467,563)		(642,554)	(647,254)		(1,118,553)	(1,035,132)
Other adjustment		-		-		-	-		20,503		-
Net change in fiduciary net position		397,494		56,257		239,905	 407,728		7,998		66,015
Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning		2,780,455	2	2,724,198		2,484,293	2,076,565		2,068,567		2,002,552
Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$	3,177,949	\$ 2	2,780,455	\$	2,724,198	\$ 2,484,293	\$	2,076,565	\$	2,068,567
Net OPEB Liability											
Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	9,574,173	\$ 11	,740,110	\$	9,554,463	\$ 10,976,369	\$ 1	10,681,590	\$ 1	0,177,546
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total											
OPEB Liability		24.92%		19.15%		22.19%	18.46%		16.28%		16.89%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2	21,701,110	\$ 20),417,295	\$ 2	20,417,295	\$ 19,204,027	\$ 1	19,204,027	\$ 1	7,426,758
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-											
employee payroll		44.12%		57.50%		46.80%	57.16%		55.62%		58.40%
F0, F0				27.0070		.0.0070	2,.10/0		22.0270		20.1070

Schedule of District Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) Contributions in Relation to the ADC Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	2022 \$ 1,515,855 856,424 \$ 659,431	2021 \$ 1,471,704 856,424 \$ 615,280	2020 \$ 1,608,353 496,238 \$ 1,112,115	2019 \$ 1,561,508 846,354 \$ 715,154	2018 \$ 1,266,953 1,037,011 \$ 229,942	2017 \$ 1,266,953 1,097,980 \$ 168,973
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 21,701,110	\$ 20,887,410	\$ 20,417,295	\$ 19,476,859	\$ 19,476,859	\$ 19,204,027
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	3.95%	4.10%	2.43%	4.35%	5.32%	5.72%

Data presented as of the fiscal year ended.

District Supplemental Pension Plan Schedules As of the Measurement Date June 30, 2022

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability

Last 10 Years*

Changes for the Year	2021		2	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Service Costs	\$ 53,	610	\$	44,913	\$ 27,896	\$ 28,800	\$ 37,027	\$ 37,027
Interest	12,	249		16,869	12,280	11,907	15,381	15,952
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-	100,267	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences	20,	032		-	55,285	-	(85,532)	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		-		42,525	(6,065)	(5,588)	(79,569)	-
Benefit Payments	(53,	063)		(39,412)	(47,937)	(46,848)	(64,551)	(79,443)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	32,	828		64,895	141,726	(11,729)	(177,244)	(26,464)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	544,	119	2	479,224	337,498	349,227	526,471	552,935
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 576,	947	\$ 5	544,119	\$ 479,224	\$ 337,498	\$ 349,227	\$ 526,471
Covered Payroll	\$ 6,094,	568	\$ 5,4	438,073	\$ 5,438,073	\$ 4,819,713	\$ 4,819,713	\$ 4,850,579
Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	9.	47%		10.01%	8.81%	7.00%	7.25%	10.85%

* Data presented as of the measurement date

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Wisconsin Retirement System Schedules June 30, 2022

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) As of the Measurement Date

Last 10 Calendar Years*

				Collective net	
				pension liability	Plan fiduciary net
		Proportionate		(asset) as a	position as a
	Proportion of the	share of the net	Covered-	percentage of its	percentage of the
Year ended	net pension	pension liability	employee	covered-employee	total pension
December 31,	liability (asset)	(asset)	payroll	payroll	liability (asset)
2021	(0.13250556%)	\$ (10,680,191)	\$ 22,708,269	(47.03%)	106.02%
2020	(0.13380206%)	(8,353,448)	21,729,975	(38.44%)	105.26%
2019	(0.13672538%)	(4,408,650)	21,583,969	(20.43%)	102.96%
2018	0.13598820%	4,838,033	21,024,884	23.01%	96.45%
2017	(0.13159675%)	(3,907,263)	20,585,052	(18.98%)	102.93%
2016	0.12609521%	1,039,326	19,129,270	5.43%	99.12%
2015	0.12496407%	2,030,642	17,510,893	11.60%	98.20%
2014	(0.12622806%)	(3,099,654)	17,159,106	(18.06%)	102.74%

* The proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and other amounts presented above for each year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred 6 months prior to the financial reporting period.

Schedule of District's Contributions For the Year Ended Last 10 Fiscal Years**

				ntributions in relation to			Contributions as a
	С	ontractually	the	contractually	Contribution		percentage of
Year ended		required		required	deficiency	Covered-employee	covered-
June 30,	cc	ontributions	cc	ontributions	(excess)	payroll	employee payroll
2022	\$	1,500,367	\$	(1,500,367)	\$ -	\$ 23,078,933	6.50%
2021		1,462,928		(1,462,928)	-	22,152,113	6.60%
2020		1,464,667		(1,464,667)	-	21,927,739	6.68%
2019		1,417,633		(1,417,633)	-	21,345,777	6.64%
2018		1,403,713		(1,403,713)	-	20,725,101	6.77%
2017		1,326,930		(1,326,930)	-	19,735,337	6.72%
2016		1,260,224		(1,260,224)	-	18,873,608	6.68%
2015		1,221,588		(1,221,588)	-	17,743,469	6.88%

**The contribution and other amounts presented above for each fiscal year are based on information that occurred during that fiscal year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

1. Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statues, using the budgetary accounting basis prescribed by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. The legally adopted budget and budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the two-digit sub function level in the General Fund and the function level in all other funds. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the School Board.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The General Fund incurred expenditures, by function, in excess of appropriations by \$10,000 or more as follows:

• • •

		V	ariance
Fund	Function	A	mount
General	Vocational Instruction	\$	21,004
General	Purchased and Non Program Services		91,679

2. District Net OPEB Liability Schedules

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 requirements have been implemented prospectively, therefore, the illustrations do not present similar information for the 4 preceding years.

Actuarial assumptions

Key methods and assumptions used to calculate actuarially determined contributions (ADC) were as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Amortization Method	30 year Level %
Discount Rate	2.25%
Inflation	2.00%

Changes of benefit terms

The plan's benefit terms have changed since the prior valuation, therefore a change in benefit terms was calculated that resulted in a decrease in the total OPEB liability. Specifically, retirees are no longer allowed to self-pay their premiums to remain on the District's group health plan upon exhaustion of their District-provided benefit.

Change of assumptions

Changes of assumptions or other inputs resulted in a decrease in the total OPEB liability. These changes included assumed future retiree plan selection and the assumed number of dependents covered under active family coverage used in calculating the expected per capita claims cost. The increase in deferred inflow of resources from these two sources is being recognized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of active and inactive plan members. The plan has an average expected remaining service life of 12 years.

3. District Supplemental Pension Plan Schedules

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 73 requirements have been implemented prospectively, therefore, the illustrations do not present similar information for the 4 preceding years.

<u>Changes of benefit terms</u> There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions.

Assets

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in governmental accounting standards to pay related benefits.

4. Wisconsin Retirement System Schedules

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requirements have been implemented prospectively, therefore, the illustrations do not present similar information for the 2 preceding years.

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

4. Wisconsin Retirement System Schedules

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age				
Amortization Method:	Level Percent of				
	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed
	Amortization Period				
Amortization Period:	30 Year closed from				
	date of participation in				date of participation in
Asset Valuation Method:	WRS Five Year Smoothed				
Asset valuation Method.	Market (Closed)				
	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Warket (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions					
Net Investment Rate of					
Return:	5.4%	5.4%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Weighted based on					
assumed rate for:					
Pre-retirement:	7.0%	7.0%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%
Post-retirement:	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Salary Increases	2.00/	2.00/	2 20/	2 20/	2.20/
Wage Inflation:	3.0% 0.1%-5.6%	3.0% 0.1%-5.6%	3.2% 0.1%-5.6%	3.2% 0.1%-5.6%	3.2% 0.1%-5.6%
Seniority/Merit: Post-retirement Benefit	0.1%-3.0%	0.170-3.070	0.1%-3.0%	0.1%-5.0%	0.1%-3.0%
Adjustments*:	1.9%	1.9%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%
Retirement Age:	Experience - based	Experience - based	Experience -based	Experience - based	Experience - based
	table of rates that are				
	specific to the type of				
	eligibility condition.				
	Last updated for the				
	2018 valuation	2018 valuation	2015 valuation	2015 valuation	2015 valuation
	pursuant to an				
			experience study of the		
	period 2015-2017.	period 2015 - 2017.	period 2012 - 2014.	period 2012 - 2014.	period 2012 - 2014.
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018	Wisconsin 2018	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin 2012
	Mortality Table. The				
	rates based on actual				
	WRS experience				
	adjusted for future				
	mortality	mortality	mortality	mortality	mortality
	improvements using				
	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2015 fully	the MP-2015 fully	the MP-2015 fully
	generational	generational	generational	generational	generational
	improvement scale				
	(multiplied by 60%).	(multiplied by 60%).	(multiplied by 50%).	(multiplied by 50%).	(multiplied by 50%).

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions:

*No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

4. Wisconsin Retirement System Schedules

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions:

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Actuarial Cost Method:				
Amortization Method:	Frozen Entry Age Level Percent of			
Amortization Method:				
	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed
Amortization Period:	Amortization Period 30 Year closed from			
	date of participation in			
	WRS	WRS	WRS	WRS
Asset Valuation Method:	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed
	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions	. ,			
Net Investment Rate of	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Return:				
assumed rate for:				
Pre-retirement:	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%
Post-retirement:	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Salary Increases				
Wage Inflation:	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%
Seniority/Merit:	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%
Post-retirement Benefit	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%
Adjustments*:				
Retirement Age:	Experience-based	Experience-based	Experience-based	Experience-based
	table of rates that are			
	specific to the type of			
	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.
	Last updated for the			
	2012 valuation	2012 valuation	2012 valuation	2012 valuation
	pursuant to an	pursuant to an	pursuant to an	pursuant to an
	experience study of	experience study of	experience study of	experience study of
	the period 2009 -	the period 2009 -	the period 2009 -	the period 2006 -
	2011.	2011.	2011.	2008.
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin
Woltanty.	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The	Projected
	rates based on actual	rates based on actual	rates based on actual	•
				Experience Table
	WRS experience	WRS experience	WRS experience	- 2005 for women
	1 0	projected to 2017 with	1 0	and 90% of the
	scale BB to all for	scale BB to all for	scale BB to all for	Wisconsin
	future improvements	future improvements	future improvements	Projected
	(margin) in mortality	(margin) in mortality	(margin) in mortality	Experience Table
				- 2005 for men.

*No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Trust	Capital Projects Fund	Community Service Fund	Debt Service	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 263,551	\$ -	\$ 120,365	\$ -	\$ 383,916
Restricted Cash and Investments		791,305	-	° 971,315	1,762,620
Prepaid Expenses	9,681	-	-	-	9,681
Due from Other Funds	-	875,562	2	-	875,564
Total Assets	\$ 273,232	\$ 1,666,867	\$ 120,367	\$ 971,315	\$ 3,031,781
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	CES \$ - 35,989 35,989	\$ 226,901 24,878 - 251,779	\$ - 4,725 - 4,725	\$ - - - -	\$ 226,901 29,603 35,989 292,493
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	9,681	-	-	-	9,681
Restricted	-	1,415,088	-	971,315	2,386,403
Assigned	227,562	1 415 099	115,642	- 071 215	343,204
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>237,243</u> \$ 273,232	1,415,088 \$ 1,666,867	<u>115,642</u> \$ 120,367	<u>971,315</u> \$ 971,315	<u>2,739,288</u> \$ 3,031,781
		. ,,)		. , ,

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special <u>Revenue Trust</u>	Capital Projects Fund	Community Service Fund	Debt Service	Student Activity Events	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES	¢.	â		¢	<u>^</u>	A A B I A A A A A A A A A A
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 700,000	\$ 4,018,400	\$ -	\$ 4,718,400
Other Local Sources	550,079	23,253	110,852	1,774	25,121	711,079
Other Sources	-	85,571	-	4 020 174	-	85,571
Total Revenues	550,079	108,824	810,852	4,020,174	25,121	5,515,050
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Regular instruction	46,766	-	-	-	-	46,766
Other Instruction	402,421		-		23,805	426,226
Total Instruction	449,187				23,805	472,992
Support Services:						
Pupil Services	417	-	-	-	-	417
Business Services	1,300	-	-	-	-	1,300
Operations and Maintenance	970	-	178,638	-	-	179,608
Pupil transportation	43,735	-	-	-	-	43,735
Insurance	-	12,421	-	-	-	12,421
Community Services	-	-	151,182			151,182
Total Support Services	46,422	12,421	329,820			388,663
Debt Service:				2,030,000		2,030,000
Principal	-	-	-	· · ·	-	, ,
Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Debt Service		-		2,039,150		2,039,150
Total Debt Service				4,069,150	<u> </u>	4,069,150
Capital Outlay	78,532	3,783,376	458,139	-	-	4,320,047
Purchased and Non-Program Services					1,316	1,316
Total Expenditures	574,141	3,795,797	787,959	4,069,150	25,121	9,252,168
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(24,062)	(3,686,973)	22,893	(48,976)		(3,737,118)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	-	875,562				875,562
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	875,562	-	-	-	875,562
Net Change in Fund Balances	(24,062)	(2,811,411)	22,893	(48,976)		(2,861,556)
Fund Balances - Beginning	261,305	4,226,499	92,749	1,020,291	-	5,600,844
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 237,243	\$ 1,415,088	\$ 115,642	\$ 971,315	\$ -	\$ 2,739,288
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